

N1490(E)(N29)H NOVEMBER EXAMINATION NATIONAL CERTIFICATE TOURIST DESTINATIONS N5

(22030115)

29 November 2016 (X-Paper) 09:00-12:00

OPEN-BOOK EXAMINATION

Candidates are allowed to take student portfolios, notes and assignments/projects, prescribed textbook(s), an atlas, maps, travel guides, brochures and a GSA into the examination venue.

Candidates are entitled to 15 minutes of reading time.

This question paper consists of 13 pages and 6 addenda of 12 pages.

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION AND TRAINING REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE TOURIST DESTINATIONS N5 TIME: 3 HOURS MARKS: 200

NOTE:

If you answer more than the required number of questions, only the required number of questions will be marked. All work you do not want to be marked must be clearly crossed out.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

- Read ALL the questions carefully before you begin to answer the questions of your choice.
- 2. Answer ALL the questions in SECTION A for a total of 40 marks.
- 3. Answer any FOUR of the five questions in SECTION B for a total of 160 marks.
- 4. Number the answers according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 5. Start each question on a NEW page.
- 6. Write neatly and legibly.

SECTION A

Answer ALL the questions in SECTION A.

QUESTION 1

1.1 INDIAN OCEAN ISLAND SECTION

Choose an island/a group of islands from COLUMN B that matches a description in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–F) next to the question number (1.1.1–1.1.8) in the ANSWER BOOK. An island/a group of islands can match more than one item in COLUMN A.

	COLUMN A		COLUMN B
1.1.1	Lemurs, a type of primate, can only be found on this island and nowhere else in the world	A B	Mauritius Madagascar
1.1.2	This island nation has set aside many national parks and nature reserves which protects rare birds such as the magpie robin and their black parrot	C D	Comores Reunion
1.1.3	Because of the island's volcanic origin,	E	Seychelles
	flat land is scarce and the international airport is located on the southeastern tip of the island	F	Maldives
1.1.4	Domaine du Chasseur Nature Reserve is home to this island/island group's rare kestrel		
1.1.5	Cars are found on only a few islands in this Archipelago nation		
1,1.6	Piton de la Fournaise is an active volcano located in the centre of the island and is best visited by helicopter		
1.1.7	This island nation has been plagued by political uncertainty and a number of coup d'états since independence		
1.1.8	This stable island nation has focused on tourism, sugar production, banking and shipping to build its economy		

 (8×2) (16)

1.2 AFRICAN SECTION

Refer to ADDENDUM 1 (attached) as well as your own prescribed references and match each of the following countries with one or more of the attractions described below. Write only the letter (A–H) of the matching country next to the question number (1.2.1–1.2.12) in the ANSWER BOOK.

Α	Namibia	Е	Malawi
В	Botswana	F	Tanzania
С	Zimbabwe	G	Kenya
D	Zambia	Н	Mozambique

- 1.2.1 This East African nation was led by Julius Nyerere for 25 years. He developed his own brand of African socialism known as ujamaa.
- 1.2.2 Because of the presence of a large desert, most of the population is located along the eastern border with South Africa.
- 1.2.3 Lake Kariba was completed in the 1950s and provides electricity for Zambia and ...
- 1.2.4 The capital city, Lusaka, is located in the centre of the country and provides easy access to a number of national parks.
- 1.2.5 Many copper mines, in the Copperbelt in the north, provide this country's main export.
- 1.2.6 The coastline of this country is covered by a very dry desert due to the presence of the cold Benguela ocean current.
- 1.2.7 This country is named after the 2nd largest Rift Valley lake.
- 1.2.8 This country contains some of Africa's top attractions such as the Serengeti, Mount Kilimanjaro, Lake Tanganyika and Zanzibar.
- 1.2.9 The Portuguese established a settlement on an island here as early as 1507.
- 1.2.10 The capital city, Windhoek, was not renamed after independence by the SWAPO government of Sam Nujoma.
- 1.2.11 One of Africa's largest elephant concentrations is found within Hwange National Park in the northwest of the country.
- 1.2.12 Maputo is the country's largest port and city.

 (12×2) (24)

[40]

TOTAL SECTION A: 40

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SECTION B

Answer any FOUR of the five questions in SECTION B.

QUESTION 2

INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS SECTION

Choose ONE of the following islands, Mauritius OR Seychelles and refer to the extracts from the tourism brochures in ADDENDUM 2A and ADDENDUM 2B (4 pages attached) as well as your own prescribed references to answer the following questions:

2.1 MAURITIUS (ADDENDUM 2A)

2.1.1	Describe to a client who lives near the Indian Ocean at Durban why he/she would enjoy a holiday at Mauritius.	(4)
2.1.2	What evidence is there from the article that Mauritius has a wide range of tourist accommodation?	(2)
2.1.3	What is the currency of Mauritius?	(2)
2.1.4	From the addendum, what would you say is the island's single most popular tourist attraction?	(3)
2.1.5	There are no native Mauritians as Portuguese sailors found this island uninhabited in 1 500 AC.	
	What evidence is there from the article that the people who have settled in Mauritius, have built a stable country with tolerance of others' religions and customs?	(4)
2.1.6	Why has Mauritius become one of the top five sought after destinations for weddings and honeymoons?	(3)
2.1.7	Describe to a client who is interested in diving, why Mauritius is the perfect setting for a diving holiday.	(4)
2.1.8	Apart from diving, name FIVE popular water sports that are on offer to visitors to Mauritius.	(10)
2.1.9	How long has Mauritius been associated with the game of golf?	(2)
2.1.10	From the article, how do we know that there are ample opportunities on the island for a tourist who enjoys a game of golf?	(3)
2.1.11	The attractions of Mauritius could be summarised as sea, sun and sand.	
	Explain to a client why this is an appropriate description.	(3)

2.2 SEYCHELLES (ADDENDUM 2B)

2.2.1	Do South African visitors require a visa to visit the Seychelles?	(2)
2.2.2	Can a tourist arrive in Victoria with no accommodation booking?	(2)
2.2.3	Apart from flights from South Africa, name the airports that are connected by regular flights to the Seychelles.	(6)
2.2.4	Describe a convenient form of transport for a tourist who wants to see the large flocks of birds on Bird Island and is leaving from Mahe?	(2)
2.2.5	Describe to a client why Cat Cocos is a very good company for tourists who would like to visit the islands of Praslin and La Digue.	(4)
2.2.6	Describe to a client why it is an excellent idea to hire a car to explore the island of Mahe.	(4)
2.2.7	Why would hiring a car allow a tourist to save money on shopping?	(3)
2.2.8	Why should tourists be careful when hiring a taxi for a long trip?	(2)
2.2.9	For a client who does not like excessive heat, recommend the best time of year to visit the Seychelles.	(2)
2.2.10	What languages are spoken in the Seychelles?	(3)
2.2.11	Describe to a client why Cousin Island is a 'must see' for bird watchers.	(2)
2.2.12	Is there enough on the island of Mahé and the capital, Victoria, to entertain a tourist? Justify your answer with reference to the text.	(4)
2.2.13	Of the islands' varied cuisine, which four types of food are the most popular?	(4) [40]
		[+ v]

QUESTION 3

AFRICAN SECTION

Refer to your own prescribed references and your GSA and answer the following question on TWO of the following countries: Botswana, Namibia, Kenya, Morocco, Uganda.

Copy the table below into the ANSWER BOOK for each of the TWO countries and enter the relevant information.

Capital city	IATA code of capital	Currency	Time zone	Three tourist attractions of the	Two souvenirs or items that can be purchased in	or natural attraction	
	Capitai			capital city	the capital city	of capital city	
(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(6)	(4)	(2)	

 (20×2) [40]

(2)

QUESTION 4

4.1 INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS SECTION

Seychelles.

Read the material on REUNION contained in ADDENDUM 3 (attached) as well as your own prescribed references to answer the following questions:

4.1.1 Which towns are included for the overnight stays during the 7-day tour of Reunion? (3)4.1.2 After which French sportsman was the international airport near St Denis named? (2) As a travel agent, describe to a tourist the location of St Pierre in 4.1.3 relation to St Denis. (1) 4.1.4 On Day 5, apart from viewing the dramatic scenery, which THREE activities are on offer? (3)What would be the highlight for a tourist on Day 6? (2)4.1.6 Describe to a client what type of landform a cirque is. (2)7.1.7 What evidence is there from the information that Cilaos is an ideal tourist destination? (3)4.1.8 Reunion is a recent island formed by a volcano and it does not have the white, sandy beaches of Madagascar, Mauritius and

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coral sandy beaches of these islands?

How do the beaches at L'Etang-Sale differ from the usual, white

4.2 AFRICAN SECTION

Refer to ADDENDUM 4A and 4B (attached) as well as your own prescribed references and answer the questions on ONE of the following countries, Kenya OR Zimbabwe.

KENYA

4.2.1	This lake is the largest in Africa and is shared between Uganda and Tanzania.	(2)
4.2.2	The road from Nairobi to Mombasa passes through the country's largest national park which is divided into two sections.	
	What is the name of the national park?	(2)
4.2.3	Name the national reserve in the Rift Valley north of Nakuru which is famous for supporting millions of flamingos.	(2)
4.2.4	A businessman has only one day free in Nairobi and would like a quick visit to a national park.	
	Which national park is closest to the city?	(2)
4.2.5	The second highest mountain is located on the Ugandan border.	
	What is the name of the mountain and the national park which protects it?	(4)
4.2.6	Why is Amboseli one of the most visited and famous national parks in Africa?	(4)
4.2.7	The island of Lamu on the north coast is a miniature Zanzibar and is steeped in history.	
	Describe the general appeal of the island of Lamu.	(4)
4.2.8	The Masai Mara National Reserve attracts large numbers of visitors.	
	Describe the reserve's appeal and why it attracts so many tourists.	(2)

OR

ZIMBABWE

4.2.9 Zimbabwe's 6 largest national parks are situated in hot, dry valleys on the edge of the country, which are not suitable for agriculture.

Explain why large national parks are usually found in areas that are less suitable for human settlement.

(4)

(3)

(6)

4.2.10 Hwange National Park is the country's largest national park and has three main rest camps for tourists.

Recommend to a tourist who is travelling from Bulawayo to the Victoria Falls for a week how a visit to the Hwange National Park can be included in a visit to the Victoria Falls.

4.2.11 A tourist wants to deviate from the main Masvingo-Harare road and explore eastern Zimbabwe via Mutare and Rusape.

Name TWO national parks that can be included along this route. (4)

4.2.12 Mana Pools National Park is one of the most beautiful national parks in Africa as it includes a long stretch of the Zambezi River and large herds of elephant, buffalo and hippo, etc. are found there.

Explain to a client who is interested in fishing and canoeing, why the park is the best destination in Zimbabwe for these sports.

4.2.13 Name THREE popular outdoor activities that a tourist can enjoy at the Victoria Falls. (3)

4.2.14 Zimbabwe is named after Great Zimbabwe, the greatest ruin in Africa south of the pyramids of Egypt.

Explain to a client why it is a 'must see' attraction. (2)
[40]

QUESTION 5

AFRICAN SECTION

5.1 Answer this question on TWO of the following countries, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Uganda, Morocco.

Copy the table below into the ANSWER BOOK for each of the TWO countries and enter the relevant information.

Capital city	IATA code	The key attraction in this country that you would recommend to any tourist	THREE outdoor activities that tourists can enjoy in this national park or attraction
(1)	(1)	(2)	(6)

 (10×2) (20)

5.2 INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS SECTION

Refer to ADDENDUM 5 (attached) on the SEYCHELLES as well as your own prescribed references to answer the following questions:

5.2.8	How will Denis Island suit the client who is interested in healthy food?	(2) [40]			
5.2.7	Which island in the Seychelles is well-known for deep-sea fishing?	(2)			
5.2.6	Describe to a client who wants to go to the Seychelles on honeymoon why he/she should consider Denis Private Island.	(4)			
X	From ADDENDUM 5, how do we know that nature will be protected on this island?	(2)			
5.2.5	Silhouette Island is a nature reserve that is surrounded by a marine reserve.				
5.2.4	Describe to a client who wants a peaceful and quiet holiday, why La Digue would be the perfect destination.	(3)			
5.2.3	What is the 'must see' attraction on the island of Praslin?	(2)			
5.2.2	Describe to a client who wants a beach holiday and loves hiking why the largest island, Mahé, is the perfect choice.	(3)			
5.2.1	What is unique about Victoria, the capital of the Seychelles?	(2)			
prescribed references to answer the following questions:					

QUESTION 6

AFRICAN SECTION

Refer to ADDENDUM 6A, 6B and 6C (attached) to answer the questions on TWO of the following countries, Uganda, Tanzania and Mozambique.

6.1 UGANDA

Refer to ADDENDUM 6A (attached) as well as your own prescribed references and answer the following questions:

6.1.1 Transfrontier parks are formed when countries co-operate on conservation and tourism.

Name THREE national parks in Uganda that could be developed into transfrontier parks with the DRC.

6.1.2 Which TWO towns provide a perfect base for climbing the snow-covered Ruwenzori Mountains in western Uganda?

6.1.3 Uganda has often been called 'the pearl of Africa.'

Explain to a client why this is an appropriate title for the country. (4)

(6)

(4)

(3)

(2)

(6)

6.1.4 During the term of the dictator, Idi Amin, (1971-1979) the economy of Uganda suffered and tourism declined sharply.

Explain to a client why tourism is very susceptible to political unrest. (3)

6.1.5 Uganda is one of three countries in Africa where mountain gorillas occur.

Recommend to a client why Uganda is a better option to visit than the DRC which has been plagued by civil war and violence.

AND/OR

6.2 TANZANIA

Refer to ADDENDUM 6B (attached) as well as your own prescribed references and answer the following questions:

6.2.1 What is the name of Africa's largest game reserve, which is found in southern Tanzania?

6.2.2 Tourism has enormous potential in Tanzania as many national parks have not yet been developed for tourism.

Name THREE national parks and game reserves in western Tanzania which can be developed for tourism.

6.2.3 Two national parks on the shores of Lake Tanganyika protect populations of chimpanzees and lovely, unspoilt beaches. What is the best means of transport for getting to these parks from the important port of Kigoma. (2)6.2.4 There is a proposal to create a transfrontier park between Selous Game Reserve in Tanzania and Niassa Game Reserve in Mozambique, creating the largest park in Africa. Describe how both countries will benefit from this proposal. (3) 6.2.5 Suggest to a client who is driving from Zambia to Dar es Salaam which TWO national parks should be visited along the route. (2)6.2.6 Suggest to a client which TWO forms of transport can be used to visit the island of Zanzibar from the largest city. Dar es Salaam. (2) 6.2.7 What real threat do diseases such as HIV, malaria and Ebola, and attacks by groups such as al-Shabab in neighbouring Kenya, pose to tourism in Tanzania? (3)AND/OR **MOZAMBIQUE** Refer to ADDENDUM 6C (attached) as well as your own prescribed references and answer the following questions: 6.3.1 The Portuguese established a fort on Mozambique Island, near Lumbo, in 1507. Why do you think that these early colonisers chose islands off the coast to build their forts? (3)6.3.2 Maputo, the capital, is located in the far south of a large country. Explain to a client why Beira would have been a better choice for a capital. (3)Cruise ship tourism is growing at 7,4% per annum and is now

6.3

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Explain to a client how the Mozambique islands of Inhaca, Bazaruto and Mozambique islands are ideal for cruises from

(4)

worth \$18 billion annually.

Durban.

6.3.4 Transfrontier national parks offer great potential in Africa and will benefit both tourism and conservation.

Name a park in northern Mozambique that is ideally situated to be developed as a transfrontier park.

6.3.5 The new Quirimbas National Park in northern Mozambique is a jewel consisting of a chain of tropical coral islands, unspoilt beaches and a large forest.

Explain to a client who is interested in sun tanning and scuba diving why it is an ideal holiday destination. (4)

6.3.6 Cahora Bassa Dam is the 2nd largest reservoir to be completed on the Zambezi River.

Taking the example of Kariba Dam in Zimbabwe, name any TWO tourist industries that could be developed at Cahora Bassa.

TOTAL SECTION B: 160 GRAND TOTAL: 200

(2)

(4) **[40]**

ADDENDUM 1



ADDENDUM 2A

Experience Mauritius



An island of beauty and charm

Clear warm waters and white sandy beaches make tropical dreams come true on Mauritius. After a day experiencing our world-famous watersports – most of which are offered on a complimentary basis to resort guests – enjoy an unparalleled view of the sun setting over the Indian Ocean before heading to one of our trendy bars, restaurants and clubs, all of which buzz with life.

Accomodation

There is a wealth of accommodation to choose from in Mauritius – ranging from small to medium-sized hotels and charming villas right through to luxury resorts.

Religion

Mauritians are a rich mix of people of African, Chinese, Indian, Muslim and European descent, who together create a colourful, multicultural society. Mauritians work and play together, celebrating each other's religious ceremonies throughout the year. Together, they form a harmonious society which spills over to create an authentic warm welcome to all visitors.

Family

Mauritius is the ideal destination for a family trip because parents do not have to sacrifice quality for convenience here. The warm Mauritian welcome and the island's safe beaches and gentle seas make the destination a great place for a family getaway.

Weddings and honeymoons

Why not start your new life in paradise? Mauritius is among the top five best places to get married and take a honeymoon, thanks to its stunning scenery, warm tropical climate and the natural hospitality of the Mauritian people.

Beaches

Clear warm water and endless white beaches: Mauritius makes this tropical dream come true! Its large lagoons lined with fine white sand are the embodiment of paradise to those who want to enjoy the sea or just up soak the sun.

Water sports

Imagine pristine waters and clear blue skies greeting you at every turn as you enjoy kite-surfing, deepsea fishing or a sailboat charter off the coast. Mauritius' waters are packed with activities and excitement.

Diving

With 330 kilometres of coastline encircled by a coral barrier reef that protects the turquoise lagoons of the island, Mauritius offers exclusive diving experiences to its visitors all year round. With its safe lagoons stretching up to the barrier reef, its passes, drop-offs and wrecks, the island provides a wide variety of dives for both beginners and those with more experience.

Sailing and sea excursions

The islets around Mauritius offer great potential for catamaran or yacht excursions – most of which include snorkelling trips, barbecues and Sega performances.



Golf

In 1844, under British rule, Mauritius became the third country in the world to be introduced to golf. Our island hosts eight 18-hole golf courses and five nine-hole golf courses, each of which provide a unique golfing experience to the visitor.

ADDENDUM 2B



SEYCHELLES

Getting in

No visa is required for all nationalities, though all foreigners must have a passport valid for at least 6 months and must have proof of accommodation bookings before arrival.

By plane

The only international gateway to Seychelles is Seychelles International Airport (SEZ) near Victoria. Air Seychelles has added many international cities to its network. An international service is also available from Addis Ababa (Ethiopian Airlines). Nairobi (Kenya Airways), Dubai (Emirates), Abu Dhabi (Etihad) and Doha (Qatar Airways) and regular charter services from Frankfurt (Condor).

Get around: By plane

Air Seychelles operates multiple daily flights between Mahe and Praslin. Over two dozen flights vary in frequency from 15 minute to 2 hour intervals, depending on time of day. Air Seychelles also operates once daily or several times per week between Mahe and the islands of Bird, Denis, Frigate, Desroches and Alphonse.

Get around: By boat

Cat Cocos and Inter Island Ferry offer routes between Praslin, Mahe and La Digue. Cat Cocos operates 3 catamaran ferries serving multiple daily crossings between Mahe and Praslin and a daily crossing extension to La Digue. The sailing normally takes one hour. Tickets can be purchased from the Cat Cocos office, opposite the pier, on the same day before travel subject to availability. Alternatively, e-tickets can be purchased online at *Seychellesbookings*. It is also possible to take small boats from Mahe directly to La Digue, although departures can be unreliable and the journey takes about 3 hours, but it is cheaper than an Indian Ocean Island cruise!

Get around: By car

Driving in Seychelles is on the left side of the road. The roads on Mahe are low-traffic, mountainous, narrow roads, so caution is generally advised. Having a car is a good idea and makes life much easier. For as little as 100 rupees worth of petrol you can see the entire island of Mahe in a couple of hours, including stops at beaches and whatever else catches your eye. A car will also allow you access to the stores where locals do their regular shopping and the prices are more reasonable compared to the small convenience stores along the beaches.

Taxis are a popular means of transportation for both short trips and day rental and can be obtained almost anywhere. Taxi prices for non-residents on a relatively long trip can easily exceed the cost of hiring a small car for a day.

Climate

The Seychelles is hot and humid, with an average yearly temperature of 29°C and an average sea temperature rarely dropping below 27°C. However, the heat is usually mitigated by refreshing sea breezes, especially at the beaches. The cooler season in the Seychelles is during the southeast monsoon season (May to September) and the warmer season is during the northwest monsoon (November to March).

Talk

Languages spoken in the Seychelles are Seychellois Creole, English and French.

See and Do

Visit the beaches

Many of the beaches are untouched by human activities and are refreshingly uncrowded. A hike along the coastline from Beau Vallon to Anse Major will take about 1,5-2 hours and your reward will be a small deserted beach that's fit for a king. The scenery along the hike is breathtaking. Not all beaches are suitable for swimming depending on the time of year, due to the seasonal winds. Do not ignore warning signs indicating that a beach is hazardous for swimming, no matter how it seems to you.

Vallee de Mai is a national park and World Heritage Site, home to amazing fauna and flora, including the world's largest seed, the coco de mer.

Aldabra Atoll is the world's largest coral atoll that stretches about 35 km east to west and encloses a huge tidal lagoon. Aldabra is the original home of the giant land tortoise and tiger sharks and manta rays can also often be seen here.

Water sports

The warm Indian Ocean waters make Seychelles the perfect place for the water enthusiasts. Explore on board a yacht, power boat, catamaran or sailboat. Windsurfing is also popular and the best time for this activity is usually around May and October, at the start and end of the trade winds.

Scuba diving, snorkelling and fishing are also extremely popular and can be done almost anywhere in the Seychelles. Baie Ternay is superb and easily accessible by a glass bottom boat tour from Beau Vallon beach - allow yourself a whole day and walk the beach for a 'last minute' booking - great deals can be bartered. Snorkelling is free (provided you have your own gear - some hotels lend masks, snorkels and fins to guests).

Other atttactions

Birdwatching is also popular and the islands are home to many of the worlds most treasured and rare species of animals. The best place to do so is Cousin Island which, although only 1 km in diameter, is home to more than 300 000 birds, but many unique species can be found at ease on Mahe.

Seychelles also has numerous markets, art galleries and shops, colonial Creole-style plantation houses and the main island of Mahé has six museums, a botanical garden and several national monuments. The market downtown Victoria has a good selection of local produce and spices for sale that are all grown locally and 100% authentic.

Shopping

The best place for shopping is Victoria, the capital and more specifically the market at the city centre. There are also a few outlets on the island, Praslin, but few shopping areas on the other islands. Larger hotels have boutiques but shopping in Seychelles is not one of the major attractions.

While visiting, be sure to buy the classic and traditional Seychelles souvenir, the coco-de-mer, or the 'nut of the sea', a nut from trees native to the islands in the Seychelles - but this requires an export license. Other locally made souvenirs, although not as unique, can be purchased such as sea shells and pearl jewellery, textiles and straw hatsand also needlework and crochet, paintings by local artists and woodwork.

Eating out

Seychellois cuisine has been greatly influenced by the islands' rich cultures. Creole cooking, varied seafood dishes, coconuts and curries are the most popular. The main product of the country, fish, is cooked in a variety of ways. Especially the red snapper is very tasty and well-known to visitors.

Cheapest food: Collect coconuts on the beach and learn how to open their terrible cover, not the easy-to-open shell, but the thick cover of natural fibres. To open a coconut, it should be hit very hard on the edges many times, until the fibres break up.

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ADDENDUM 3

Self-Drive: 7 Nights CILAOS • ST LEU



HIGHLIGHTS

- The beautiful scenery of Cilaos, the sunniest of the three Cirques (Valleys formed by collapsed volcanoes.
- Nez-de-Boeuf viewpoint offering incredible views.
- L'Etang-Sale for a walk on the black sand beach.
- Piton Maido, a well-known magical viewpoint overlooking the Cirque of Mafate.



ITINERARY BASED ON:

- I Night in St Denis
- 2 Nights in Cilaos
- 4 Nights in St Leu
- 7 Days car hire

- Sundays and Thursdays*
 - * Excludes low season



DAY I: ARRIVE IN REUNION

On arrival at Roland Garros Airport you will be met by a Thompsons representative and directed to collect your rental car. It's just a short drive to St Denis where you will spend the night.

Overnight in St Denis.

DAY 2: ST DENIS / CILAOS

This morning you will begin your journey through to Cilaos. Your journey inland to the centre of the island takes you along a spectacular road which snakes along steep and almost bare cliff edges ending in Cilaos (+/- 2 hours). The majestic setting surrounded by sheer mountains makes this an ideal spot for hiking, canyoners, rock climbers and mountain bikers.

Overnight in Cilaos.

DAY 3: CILAOS

Today is at leisure in Cilaos. Stroll through the charming village with its awesome backdrop or visit the thermal spa to relax and unwind. There is also a winery that offers tours and wine tastings and an exhibition of local openwork needlecraft. Overnight in Cilaos.

DAY 4: CILAOS / ST LEU / ST GILLES

This morning you will begin your drive back to the coast, to the area of St Leu. The day is yours to spend at leisure. A suggestion to visit the Kelonia Turtle Farm in St Leu. Drive through to St Gilles where you will be spending the next few

Overnight in St Gilles.

DAY 5: ST GILLES / MAIDO

Day at leisure.

Suggestion: Drive to Maido (+/- 45 minutes). This picturesque route leads you to explore the many treasures of the West. Along the road to Piton Maido (a well-known magical viewpoint overlooking the Cirque of Mafate) there are a variety of activities on offer, including quad biking, horse riding and tree-climbing as well as various arts and crafts stalls along the way. In the afternoon, return to St Gilles.

Overnight in St Gilles.

DAY 6: ST GILLES / VOLCANO

Today we suggest a visit of the Volcano and stop at the Nez-de-Boeuf viewpoint, from where you can enjoy a fantastic view of the valley of the river Riviere

des Remparts all the way to the ocean. Continue a little further for a view of the Dolomieu crater from the 'La Pas de Bellecombe'. Continue on to St Pierre via the town of Le Tampon and return to St

Overnight in St Gilles.

DAY 7: ST GILLES

Day at leisure in St Gilles.

Overnight in St Gilles.

DAY 8: DEPART FROM REUNION

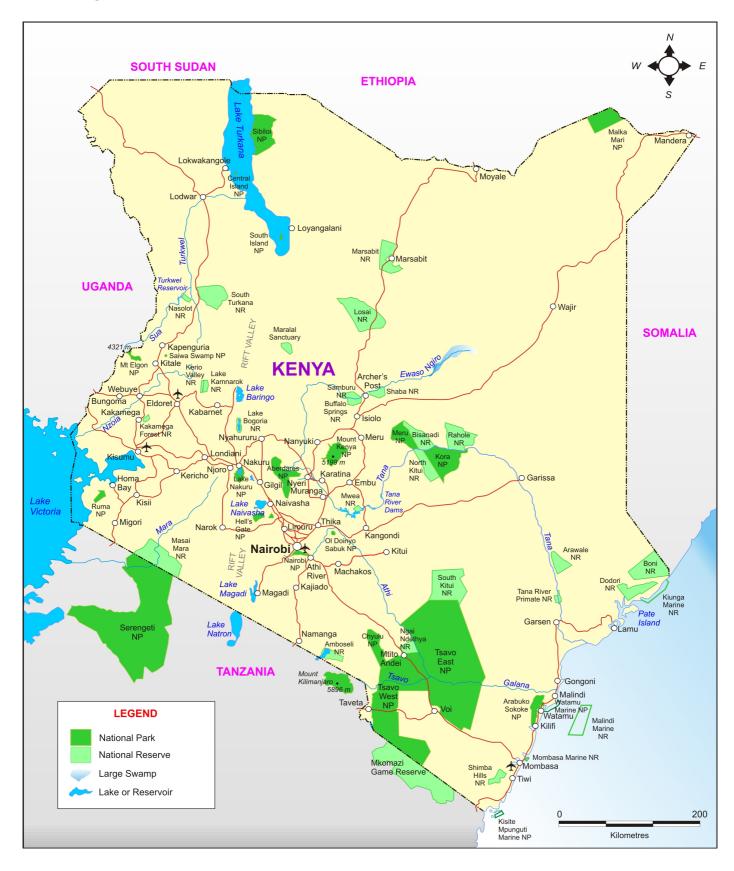
Drive through to St Denis to return your rental car and depart on your return flight



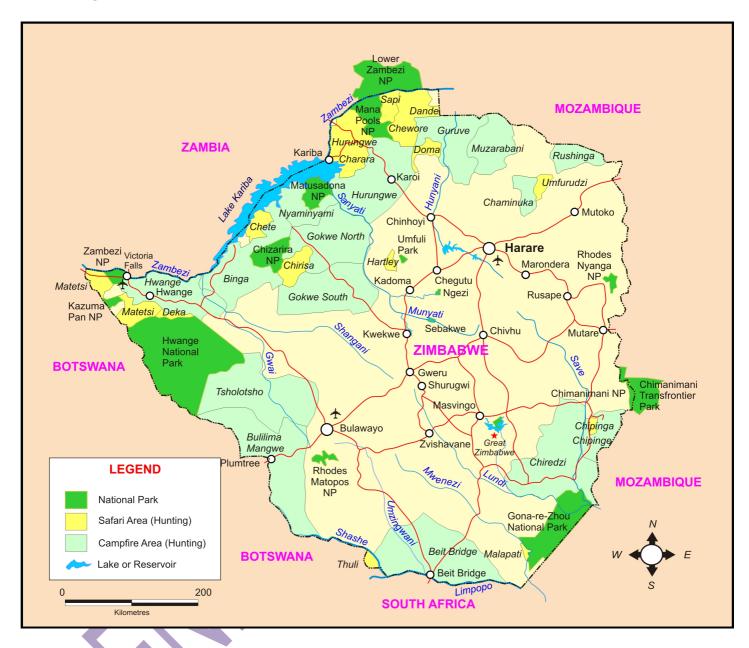
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ADDENDUM 4A



ADDENDUM 4B



ADDENDUM 5

Islands of the Seychelles



MAHÉ

Mahé is the largest island of the Seychelles, home to the international airport and the world's smallest capital, Victoria. The island boasts no less than 65 pristine, palm fringed beaches. Discover the charming downtown area with its colonial influences or explore the lush vegetation of the mountainous interior.



PRASLIN

Praslin, the second largest island, is easily reached by daily flights and a ferry service. The island is home to many magnificent beaches as well as the fabulous Vallee de Mai, a Unesco World Heritage site where you will find the rare Coco de Mer palms with their unusual seeds. Many believe this to be the original Garden of Eden.



LA DIGUE

La Digue Island is a timeless oasis in the vast Indian Ocean. Many agree that this is where you will find the most breathtaking beaches on earth with huge strategically placed boulders and gently swaying palms. Much of the transport on this island is by ox cart or bicycle, adding to the quiet, peaceful rhythm.



SILHOUETTE

Little has changed on Silhouette Island in the past 100 years and with just 130 inhabitants this is the perfect island to get away from it all. Many indigenous plants can be found in the mountainous terrain which is favoured by hikers and the abundance of coral reefs makes this a diving and snorkelling paradise. An original settlers village can be found at Grande Barbe.



DESROCHES ISLAND

Desroches Island is part of the Amirantes Archipeligo, renowned as amongst the most natural, untouched islands in the world. Imagine a dense tropical forest surrounded by 14km of soft white beach dipping into the azure blue ocean...this is Desroches Island, now easily accessible just a 30 minute flight from Mahé.

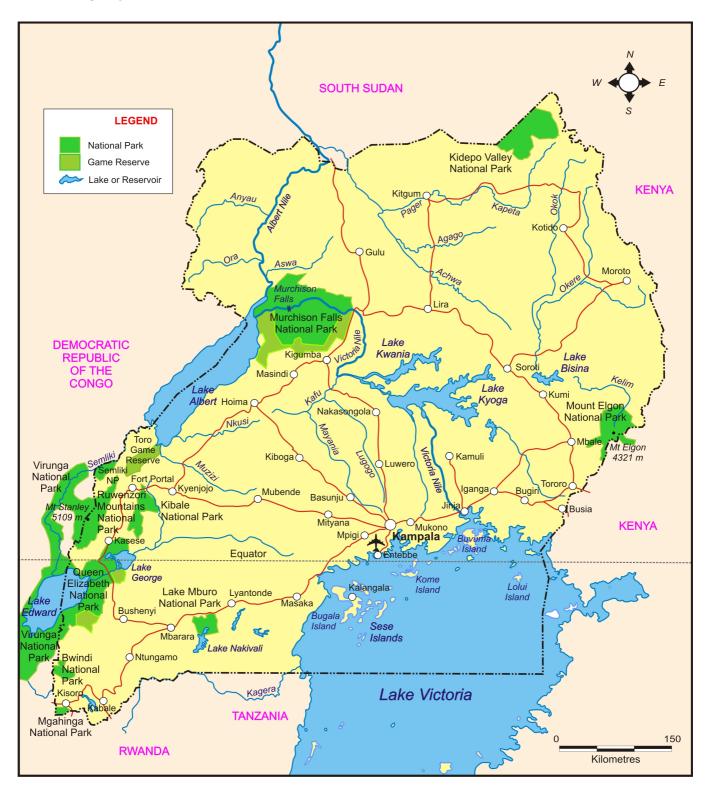


DENIS PRIVATE ISLAND

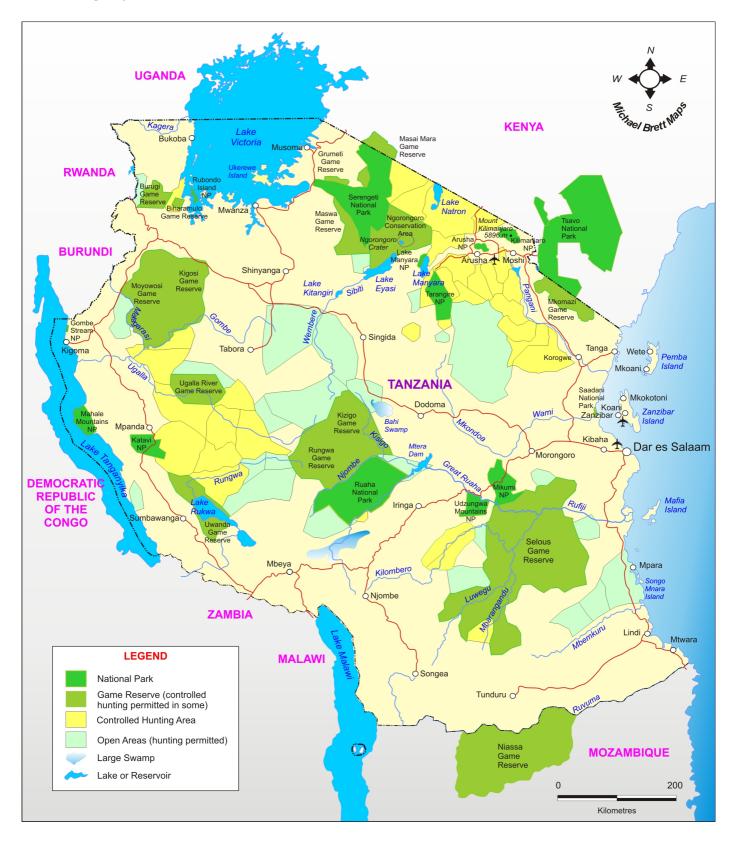
Denis Private Island lies north of Mahé and comprises 25 distinctive, well-appointed cottages. Its romantic ambience makes it ideal for honeymoons, while its glimmering beaches are just made for soaking up the tropical sun and azure sea. An excellent cuisine, inspired by fresh harvest from the ocean and the produce of the island farm will please the palate of the most exacting gourmet. Denis Private Island is also an ideal base for thrilling deep-sea fishing expeditions.

Unrivalled value...unforgettable, hassle-free holidays 11

ADDENDUM 6A



ADDENDUM 6B



ADDENDUM 6C

