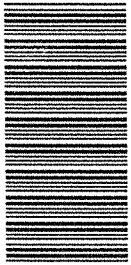


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# higher education & training

Department:  
Higher Education and Training  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## **MARKING GUIDELINE**

**NATIONAL CERTIFICATE**  
**NOVEMBER EXAMINATION**  
**TOURIST DESTINATIONS N5**

**18 November 2014**

**This marking guideline consists of 13 pages.**

**SECTION A: COMPULSORY****QUESTION 1****INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS**

- 1.1      1.1.1      A  
          1.1.2      B  
          1.1.3      D  
          1.1.4      D  
          1.1.5      C  
          1.1.6      D  
          1.1.7      F  
          1.1.8      A  
          1.1.9      E  
          1.1.10    F

(10 × 2)      (20)

1.2      **AFRICA**

- 1.2.1      G  
1.2.2      B  
1.2.3      C  
1.2.4      D  
1.2.5      C  
1.2.6      D  
1.2.7      H  
1.2.8      A  
1.2.9      F  
1.2.10     E  
1.2.11     B  
1.2.12     D  
1.2.13     H  
1.2.14     G  
1.2.15     E  
1.2.16     C  
1.2.17     A  
1.2.18     B  
1.2.19     A  
1.2.20     A

Any TEN (10) answers here. (10 × 2)      (20)  
[40]

**SECTION B****QUESTION 2****2.1 Indian Islands section****SEYCHELLES**

- |       |  |             |      |
|-------|--|-------------|------|
| 2.1.1 | Creole, French and English   |             | (3)  |
| 2.1.2 | No visas are required for any passport from any country.   |             | (1)  |
| 2.1.3 | Seychelles Rupee   |             | (1)  |
| 2.1.4 | 2 hours ahead  |             | (1)  |
| 2.1.5 | R14.50 x 3 = R43.50. The cost of a softdrink in Seychelles.  | (1 + 1 + 2) | (4)  |
| 2.1.6 | Weather in December: During NW trade winds from Oct to March the sea is calm and the weather warm and humid, with winds of 8-12 knots. |             | (3)  |
| 2.1.7 | The strange coco-de-mer palms grow on the island.  |             | (2)  |
| 2.1.8 | Swimming, suntanning, snorkeling, watersports  | ANY TWO     | (2)  |
| 2.1.9 | Jewellery, paintings and sculptures.   |             | (3)  |
|       |  |             | (20) |

**AND/OR****2.2 MAURITIUS**

- |       |  |             |     |
|-------|--|-------------|-----|
| 2.2.1 | English is official and French and Creole are widely spoken. |             | (3) |
| 2.2.2 | South African passport holders do not need visas.            |             | (1) |
| 2.2.3 | Mauritian Rupee  |             | (1) |
| 2.2.4 | 2 hours ahead.   |             | (1) |
| 2.2.5 | R0.35 x 150 = R52.50   | (1 + 1 + 2) | (4) |
| 2.2.6 | From May to October the temperature is between 17 and 23 C.  |             | (2) |
| 2.2.7 | Indian Ocean Triathlon                                       |             | (1) |
| 2.2.8 | Blue Penny Museum and Natural History Museum                 |             | (2) |

## TOURIST DESTINATIONS N5

- 2.2.9 Coloured Earths and the Chamarel Waterfall. (2)
- 2.2.10 Beautiful beaches, watersports and picturesque coves sheltered by casuarina trees. (3)  
(20)

AND/OR

## 2.3 REUNION

- 2.3.1 French is the official language and Reunion Creole is spoken but is not an official language. (2)
- 2.3.2 South African visitors no longer require a visa. (1)
- 2.3.3 It will be difficult to obtain money in Reunion and this must be done in SA before leaving. (2)
- 2.3.4 2 hours ahead. (1)
- 2.3.5 R14.50 x 14 = R203. Cost of a pizza. (1 + 1 + 2) (4)
- 2.3.6 It will be hot and humid at the coast with temperatures of around 30 C. At high altitudes the temperature varies from 15 and 24 C and it is much cooler. (3)
- 2.3.7 Megavalanche – Mountain bike race. (1)
- 2.3.8 It is an active volcano and one of the most active in the world. (2)
- 2.3.9 A caldera is a shallow valley caused by the collapse of the centre of a dormant volcano. (2)
- 2.3.10 The journey follows ' the road of 400 turns' and ends up at Cilaos which is situated in a caldera, at an altitude of 1300 m. (2)  
(20)

## QUESTION 3

3.1 TWO of the following countries: Malawi, Zambia, Kenya, Morocco, Uganda.

## MALAWI

| IATA Code of capital | Currency        | Languages                            | Visa requirements for SA visitors |
|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| LLW                  | Malawian Kwacha | English<br>Chichewa is widely spoken | No visas for SA passport holders  |

(2 + 2 + 2 + 2) (8)

## ZAMBIA

| IATA Code of capital | Currency       | Languages                                  | Visa requirements for SA visitors |
|----------------------|----------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| LUN                  | Zambian Kwacha | English as well as Bemba, Lozi and Nyanja. | No visas for SA passport holders  |

(2 + 2 + 2 + 2) (8)

## KENYA

| IATA Code of capital | Currency        | Languages           | Visa requirements for SA visitors                                       |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---|
| NBO                  | Kenyan Shilling | English and Swahili | SA passport holders on holiday for up to 30 days do not require a visa. |

(2 + 2 + 2 + 2) (8)

## MOROCCO

| IATA Code of capital | Currency        | Languages  | Visa requirements for SA visitors  |
|----------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| RBA                  | Moroccan Durham | Arabic. French and Spanish are also widely spoken. | Visas are required for SA passport holders and can be obtained from the embassy in Pretoria. |

(2 + 2 + 2 + 2) (8)

## UGANDA

| IATA Code of capital | Currency         | Languages           | Visa requirements for SA visitors   |
|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|---|
| EBB                  | Ugandan Shilling | English and Swahili | Visas are required and must be obtained before departure and are not issued at the airport. |

(2 + 2 + 2 + 2) (8)

- 3.2 Describe FOUR (4) attractions that a tourist can visit in the capital city of each of the TWO (2) countries from 3.1.

## MALAWI

**Kamuzu Academy**, just north of capital is the 'Eton of Africa' and a very posh school established by former president, Kamuzu Banda.

Between City Centre and Old Town and alongside the Lingadzi River are 180 hectares of the **Lilongwe Nature Sanctuary**. Malawi's only sanctuary for orphaned, injured and rescued wild animals and plays an active role in conservation.

**Kamuzu Mausoleum** in Heroes Acre. A huge portrait of Malawi's first 'president for life', Kamuzu Banda, adorns the entrance. The Mausoleum also houses a library and research centre.

**Tobacco Auction Floors** is 7 km north of the city. (4 × 3) (12)

## ZAMBIA

**Kabwata Cultural Village** is home to 72 woodcarvers, basket weavers and artists who showcase their products here. It's a great tourist place.

**Munda Wanga Botanical Gardens**, with nearly 500 species of plants and one of the few places in the city suitable for a picnic, is also a reason for a visit.

**National Museum**. Contemporary Zambian paintings and sculptures are displayed downstairs. There's a basic cafeteria on site and access to the museum is off Independence Ave.

The **Freedom Statue**, just around the corner from the museum, is dedicated to freedom fighters and those who lost their lives in the struggle for Zambia's independence. (4 × 3) (12)

## KENYA

**Kenya National Museum**, is on Museum Hill, approximately 10 minutes' drive from the city centre and can be accessed easily via both public and private means. The facility was opened way back in 1910 by a group of naturalists.

**Bomas of Kenya** is a cultural centre at Langata, near the main gate to Nairobi National Park. The talented resident artistes perform traditional dances and songs taken from the country's 16 various tribal groups.

**Karen Blixen Museum.** This charming farmhouse is where Karen Blixen, author of the popular novel *Out of Africa*, lived from 1914 to 1931. She left after a series of personal tragedies, but the lovely colonial house has been preserved as a museum.

**Nairobi National Park**, which is 5 km from Parliament and covers 117 km<sup>2</sup> and has abundant wildlife which can, in places, be viewed against a backdrop of city skyscrapers and airliners coming in to land at the nearby airport. Remarkably, the animals seem utterly unperturbed by it all. The park contains lion, cheetah, black rhino, giraffe, hippo and many antelope species.

(4 × 3) (12)

## MOROCCO

Although not its largest city, Rabat is Morocco's capital and 'Royal City'. The **Royal Palace** is the official residence of King Hassan II of Morocco.

**Hassan Tower** towers above Oued Bou Regreg, surrounded by well-tended gardens is Rabat's most famous landmark. The Almohads' most ambitious project would have been the second-largest mosque of its time, after Samarra in Iran.

The interesting **Archaeology Museum** (even if the labels are only in Arabic and French) gives a good account of Morocco's history. Prehistoric finds include a beautiful neolithic rock carving of a man surrounded by concentric circles. The highlight of the collection is the Salle des Bronzes, which displays ceramics, statuary and artefacts from Roman settlements.

**Mausoleum of Mohammed V.** Near the Hassan Tower stands this marble mausoleum, built in traditional Moroccan style. The present king's father and grandfather have been laid to rest here. The decoration, despite the patterned zellij and carved plaster, gives off an air of tranquility.

(4 × 3) (12)

UGANDA

Of great significance to the Buganda Kingdom, the huge thatched-roof palace of the World Heritage – listed **Kasubi Tombs**. Built in 1882 as the palace of the King Mutesa I, it was converted into his tomb following his death two years later.

**National Museum.** One of the best museums in East Africa, there's plenty to catch your interest here. There's a varied and well-captioned collection covering hunting, agriculture, war, religion and recreation, as well as archaeological and natural history displays. The most popular feature is a collection of traditional musical instruments, some of which you can play.

**Mengo Palace.** At the other end of a ceremonial drive leading from parliament, Mengo Palace was built in 1922 and is the former home of the Buganda king. But it has remained empty since 1966 when the then prime minister, Milton Obote, ordered a dramatic attack to oust King Mutesa II (then president of Uganda).

The **National Botanical Gardens of Uganda** are located in Entebbe. They were laid out in 1898 by the first curator, A. Whyte, close to the shore of Lake Victoria. The gardens are divided into different zones, including a rainforest zone. This rainforest formed the backdrop to scenes from the Tarzan films, featuring Johnny Weissmuller, shot in the 1940s. (4 × 3)

(12)  
[40]

QUESTION 4

- |     |       |   |     |
|-----|-------|---|-----|
| 4.1 | 4.1.1 | 4 towns.  | (1) |
|     | 4.1.2 | On Day 2 there is a visit to a vanilla manufacturing plant in Bras Panon.   | (2) |
|     | 4.1.3 | The capital city will have many restaurants and a number of hotels and will give visitors a very good first impression of the culture of Reunion. | (3) |
|     | 4.1.4 | A collapsed crater of a dormant volcano which has steep sides in some places.   | (2) |
|     | 4.1.5 | It is located in the bottom of Cirque Salazie.  | (2) |
|     | 4.1.6 | Piton de la Fournaise is an active volcano and the only one on the island.  | (2) |
|     | 4.1.7 | 4 nights in St Gilles: St Gilles is a popular beachside town and has a number of hotels and white sandy beaches, which are unusual in Reunion.    | (3) |
|     | 4.1.8 | Three outdoor activities in Cirque Mafate: quad-bike riding, tree climbing, horse riding.   | (3) |
|     | 4.1.9 | St Gilles has white sand beaches and not the black sands of other Reunion beaches.  | (2) |



## 4.2 ZAMBIA

- 4.2.1 Kafue River and Luangwa River (2)
- 4.2.2 The park is located in central Zambia and is easily accessible from Lusaka. Tourists travelling from Victoria Falls to Lusaka can visit the park en route. (3)
- 4.2.3 The river attracts game especially during the dry season and it is also home to hippos, crocs and water birds. It is a very beautiful river so is the obvious choice for lodge sites. (3)
- 4.2.4 Mana Pools National Park (2)
- 4.2.5 Walking safaris (viewing game on foot) (2)
- 4.2.6 For an estimated 8 million fruit bats. (number not important) (1)
- 4.2.7 To generate electricity (hydro-electricity) (1)
- 4.2.8 **Lusaka:** Largest city and capital of Zambia.  
**Ndola:** Large town on the Copperbelt where there are many copper mines.  
**Livingstone:** Access to the Victoria Falls, one of the most spectacular in the world and a major tourist attraction. (3 × 2) (6)
- (20)

## OR

## ZIMBABWE

- 4.2.9 They are on the border with Zambia, Botswana, Mozambique and South Africa and transfrontier parks can be easily set up with adjoining national parks in these neighbouring countries. (2)
- 4.2.10 The park is very close to the main road and visitors can take a diversion into the park and come out at a gate in the NW that is close to Victoria Falls. (3)
- 4.2.11 Zambezi NP/Chizarira NP/Matusadona NP/Mana Pools NP  
ANY THREE (3)
- 4.2.12 Lower Zambezi National Park (1)
- 4.2.13 Whitewater rafting, sunset cruises, kayaking, bungee jumping, viewing elephants and hippos upstream of falls. ANY THREE (3)
- 4.2.14 The name of the country: Zimbabwe, and the Zimbabwe bird appears on the flag and Coat of Arms of Zimbabwe. (2)

Not sure if the answer is correct for the question? Ruins in Zimbabwe??

- 4.2.15 **Harare:** The capital and largest city in Zimbabwe  
**Bulawayo:** The second largest city  
**Victoria Falls:** A major tourist attraction and a World Heritage Site  
(3 × 2) (6)

(20)

**QUESTION 5**5.1 **NAMIBIA**

| Country | Capital  | National park or natural attraction 300 km from capital | TWO outdoor activities tourists can enjoy in this park/attraction | A souvenir item that can be bought  |
|---------|----------|---|---|---|
| Namibia | Windhoek | Namib-Skeleton Coast National Park                      | Game viewing, bird watching, photography, camping.                | Precious stones, materials made from karkul hides, Swakara wool garments. |

(1 + 1 + 2 + 4 + 2)

(10)

5.2 **BOTSWANA**

| Country  | Capital  | National park or natural attraction 300 km from capital | TWO outdoor activities tourists can enjoy in this park/attraction | A souvenir item that can be bought                           |
|----------|----------|---|---|--|
| Botswana | Gaborone | Central Kalahari Game Reserve                           | Game viewing, camping, 4x4 routes, bird watching.                 | Wood carvings, hand-crafted jewellery, baskets, woven items. |

(1 + 1 + 2 + 4 + 2)

(10)

5.3 **TANZANIA**

| Country  | Capital                                      | National park or natural attraction 300 km from capital | TWO outdoor activities tourists can enjoy in this park/attraction | A souvenir item that can be bought                                    |
|----------|--|---|---|---|
| Tanzania | Dodoma (Dar es Salaam is commercial capital) | Mikumi National Park OR Sadaani National Park           | Game viewing, bird watching, camping                              | Large wooden salad bowls, chess sets, drums, copper items, jewellery. |

(1 + 1 + 2 + 4 + 2)

(10)

## 5.4 UGANDA

| Country | Capital | National park or natural attraction 300 km from capital | TWO outdoor activities tourists can enjoy in this park/attraction | A souvenir item that can be bought                       |
|---------|---------|---|---|--|
| Uganda  | Kampala | Murchison Falls National Park                           | Boating on the Nile River, game viewing, viewing waterfall, birds | Bangles, bracelets, wood carvings, tea, coffee, ceramics |

(1 + 1 + 2 + 4 + 2) (10)

## 5.5 MOROCCO

| Country | Capital | National park or natural attraction 300 km from capital | TWO outdoor activities tourists can enjoy in this park/attraction | A souvenir item that can be bought  |
|---------|---------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| Morocco | Rabat   | Haut Atlas Mountains                                    | Hiking, mountain climbing, trekking, camping                      | Leather bags, carpets, copper items |

(1 + 1 + 2 + 4 + 2) (10)

## 5.6 Indian Ocean Islands

5.6.1 Flic-en-Flac: popular for shopping, restaurants and it has a casino. (3)

5.6.2 There are 4 restaurants on site at the hotel. (2)

5.6.3 Children from 4 to 12: Kiddies Ice Cream Spa is a fantasy land where kids can enjoy ice cream-themed treats. (4)

5.6.4 Free water-based activities: swimming, sailboating, windsurfing, hobie cat, kayaks, pedal boats, snorkeling, glass-bottom boat trips.  
ANY FOUR (4)

5.6.5 A week for a family: There are sufficient restaurants, a spa, the Kid's Delight, dolphin trips twice daily, the nearby Casela Park Zoo, a daily entertainment programme, the adjacent beach, swimming pools and many free watersports. (6)

5.6.6 Black River Gorges National Park (1)

(20)  
[40]

**QUESTION 6****6.1 MALAWI**

- 6.1.1 R10.50 x \$232 = R2436 per person per night. (1 + 1 + 2) (4)
- 6.1.2 Someone who has money and is interested in bird watching, wildlife, nature and experiencing parks in other African countries. An adventurous person who loves travelling and nature. (2)
- 6.1.3 So guests can be immersed in Africa and experience many things such as hippo grunting and the sound of the water lapping up on the shore. (2)
- 6.1.4 48 beds in 12 units. (2)
- 6.1.5 Elephant, hippo, crocodiles (3)
- 6.1.6 Stone and canvas chalets are tucked between the trees on the banks of the river and units have views of the river. The main building is tucked between two large baobab trees. (4)
- 6.1.7 Game viewing by boat, which is unusual in Africa  
The Shire River with its elephant, hippos and crocs  
A variety of accommodation options for visitors. (3)

**6.2 KENYA**

- 6.2.1 It affected perceptions and made people think that Kenya is not safe. (2)
- 6.2.2 It is the second biggest earner of foreign income. (1)
- 6.2.3 Tea (1)
- 6.2.4 Maasai Mara National Reserve and Indian Ocean beach resorts at Mombasa. (4)
- 6.2.5 Economic growth will slow to 5% instead of the expected 5.6%. (2)
- 6.2.6 The national elections in March 2013, and a fire at Jomo Kenyatta International Airport destroyed the international arrivals hall. (2)
- 6.2.7 Economic growth slowed to 1.5% in 2008 after violence following the elections. (2)

6.2.8 They are proceeding with the construction of two hotels in Nairobi. (3)

6.2.9 Tourism is easily damaged by unrest and violence and governments need to ensure that there is Law and Order and free-and-fair elections if they want to attract tourists from overseas. (3)

(20)  
[40]

**TOTAL SECTION B: 160**  
**GRAND TOTAL: 200**