



higher education
& training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

MARKING GUIDELINE

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE

MECHANOTECHNICS N6

6 April 2020

This marking guideline consists of 9 pages.

QUESTION 1: BRAKES

$$1.1 \quad T = \frac{60P}{2\pi N} = \frac{60(9 \times 10^3)}{2\pi(1\,067,725)} \checkmark = 80,492 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \checkmark \quad (2)$$

$$1.2 \quad \begin{aligned} W \times S + \mu R \times \ell &= R \times L \\ 9\,810 \times 0,8 + 0,25R \times 0,0 &= R \times 0,3 \checkmark \\ R &= 2\,683,077 \text{ N} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T &= (\mu R)r \\ 80,492 &= 0,25 \times 2\,683,077r \checkmark \\ R &= 0,119 \text{ mm} \\ r &= 120 \text{ mm} \checkmark \\ \therefore D = 2r &= 120 \times 2 = 240 \text{ mm} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

(5)
[7]**QUESTION 2: CLUTCHES**

$$2.1 \quad \begin{aligned} T &= \mu F_A R_f n \text{ but } R_f = \frac{r_1 + r_2}{2} = \frac{175 + 125}{2} = 150 \text{ mm} \checkmark \\ &= (0,3)(1,4 \times 10^3)(0,15)(2) \checkmark \\ &= 126 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \checkmark \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

$$2.2 \quad \text{Net decelerating torque engine: } 126 - 50 = 76 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \checkmark$$

$$\text{Deceleration of engine: } \alpha_e = \frac{T}{I} = \frac{76}{2,662} \checkmark = 28,546 \text{ rad/s}^2 \checkmark$$

$$\text{Net acceleration torque output shaft: } 126 - 9 = 117 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \checkmark$$

$$\text{Acceleration of output shaft: } \alpha_s = \frac{T}{I} = \frac{117}{6,08} \checkmark = 19,243 \text{ rad/s}^2 \checkmark$$

Combined speed of engagement:

$$N = \frac{\alpha_s \times N_e}{\alpha_s + \alpha_e}$$

$$= \frac{(19,243)(450)}{(19,243) + (28,546)} \checkmark$$

$$= 181,2 \text{ r/min} \checkmark \quad (8)$$

$$2.3 \quad t = \frac{2\pi(N_e - N_e)}{\alpha_e} \quad \text{OR} \quad t = \frac{w_s}{\alpha_s} = \frac{2\pi(181,2)}{60(19,243)} \checkmark$$

$$t = \frac{2\pi(450 - 181,2)}{60(28,546)} \checkmark \quad t = 0,99s \checkmark$$

$$t = 0,99s \checkmark \quad (2)$$

2.4 Combined accelerating torque after slip: $T = 50 - 9 = 41 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \checkmark$

Combined moment of inertia: $I = I_e + I_s = 2,662 + 6,08 = 8,742 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$

$$\therefore \alpha_c = \frac{T}{I} = \frac{41}{8,742} = 4,69 \text{ rad/s}^2 \checkmark$$

Tie table to reach 450 r/min after engagement:

$$t = \frac{2\pi(N_e - N)}{\alpha_e} = \frac{2\pi(450 - 181,2)}{60(4,69)} \checkmark = 6 \text{ s} \checkmark$$

Total time taken to reach 450 r/min including the duration of slip:

$$t = 6 + 0,99 = 6,99 \text{ s} \checkmark \quad (5)$$

[18]

QUESTION 3: LINE SHAFTS

3.1 $N_A D_A = N_B D_B$

$$(500)(100) = N_B(250) \checkmark$$

$$N_B = 200 \text{ r/min} \checkmark$$

$$T_b = 60P(10 \times 10^3)/2 \times \pi(200) \checkmark$$

$$= 477,465 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \checkmark \quad (4)$$

3.2 $\frac{T_1}{T_2} = e^{\mu\theta}$

$$\frac{T_1}{T_2} = e^{(0,25)(\pi)} \checkmark$$

$$T_1 = 2,193T_2 \checkmark$$

$$T = (T_1 - T_2)R$$

$$477,465 = (2,193T_2 - T_2)0,15 \checkmark$$

$$T_2 = 2\,668,148 \text{ N} \checkmark$$

$$T_1 = 2,193(2\,668,148) = 5\,851,249 \text{ N} \checkmark \quad (5)$$

$$3.3 \quad F_t = \frac{T \times 2}{PCD} = \frac{(477,465)(2)}{0,25} \checkmark = 3\,819,72 \text{ N} \checkmark$$

$$F_r = F_t \tan \theta$$

$$= 3\,819,72 \times \tan 20^\circ \checkmark$$

$$= 1\,390,264 \text{ N} \checkmark$$

(4)

$$3.4 \quad \Sigma cwm = \Sigma acwm$$

$$(120 \times 9,81)0,4 + 60 \times 9,81 \times 1,12 = 1\,390,26 \times 0,7 + R_R \times 1$$

$$470,88 + 659,232 = 973,182 + R_R \checkmark$$

$$R_R = 156,93 \text{ N} \checkmark$$

$$\Sigma F_{\text{up}} = \Sigma F_{\text{down}}$$

$$R_L + 156,93 = 1\,177,2 + 588,6 \checkmark$$

$$R_L = 1\,608,87 \text{ N} \checkmark$$

(4)

$$3.5 \quad \Sigma cwm = \Sigma acwm$$

$$(2\,668,142 + 5\,851,249) \times 1,12 = 3\,819,72 \times 0,7 + 1 \times R_R \checkmark$$

$$R_R = 6\,867,914 \text{ N} \checkmark$$

$$\Sigma F_{\text{left}} = \Sigma F_{\text{right}}$$

$$R_L + 6\,867,914 = 2\,668,142 + 5\,851,249 \checkmark$$

$$R_L = 1\,651,477 \text{ N} \checkmark$$

(4)
[21]

QUESTION 4: REDUCTION GEARBOXES

$$4.1 \quad \begin{aligned} \text{lead} &= p \times n \\ &= 12 \times 2 \\ &= 24 \text{ mm} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{lead}}{\pi D}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{24}{\pi \times 70} \checkmark$$

$$\tan \theta = 0,109$$

$$\theta = 6,23^\circ \checkmark$$

$$\tan \phi = \mu$$

$$\tan \phi = 0,05$$

$$\phi = 2,86^\circ \checkmark$$

$$\eta_w = \frac{\tan \theta}{\tan (\theta + \phi)} \times 100\%$$

$$\eta_w = \frac{\tan 6,23}{\tan (6,23 + 2,86)} \checkmark \times 100\%$$

$$\eta_w = 68,23\% \checkmark$$

(6)

$$4.2 \quad P_w = \frac{P_{\text{out}}}{\eta_w} = \frac{25 \times 10^3}{0,6823} \checkmark = 36,64 \text{ kW} \checkmark$$

$$x = 2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ mm} \checkmark \text{ (movement on the worm)}$$

$$V_w = x \times N = 24 \times \frac{100}{60} = 40 \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{s}} = 0,4 \text{ m/s} \checkmark$$

$$V_w = x \times N = 24 \times 100/60$$

$$= 40 \text{ mm/s}$$

$$= 0,04 \text{ m/s}$$

$$P_{\text{out}} = F_w V_w$$

$$F_w = 250000/0,04$$

$$= 6250000 \text{ N}$$

$$= 625 \text{ kN} \checkmark$$

$$T_u = \mu F_w R = 0,05(625 \times 10^3) \times 0,04 \checkmark$$

$$= 1\,250 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \checkmark$$

$$P_\mu = (2\pi N/60)T_\mu$$

$$= (2\pi 1\,000/60)1\,250 \checkmark$$

$$= 130\,916,667 \text{ W}$$

$$= 130,916 \text{ kW} \checkmark$$

(9)

4.3 $P_{in} = 36,64 + 130,916 = 1167,556 \text{ kW}$

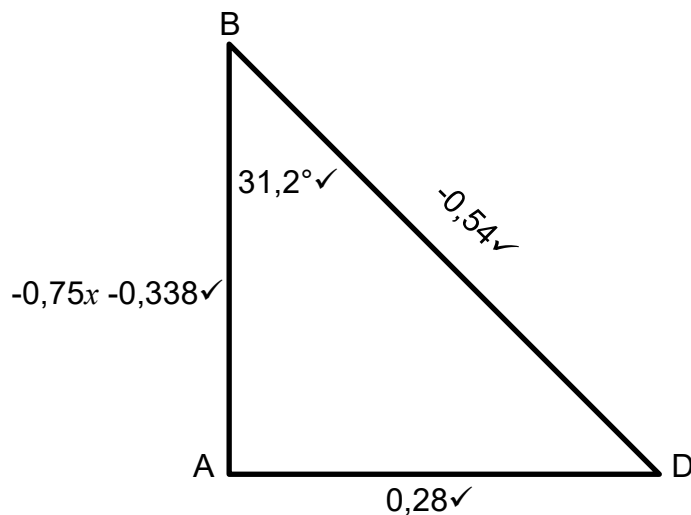
(1)

[16]

QUESTION 5: BALANCING

5.1

	m (kg)	r (m)	mr (kg.m)	ℓ (m)	mrℓ (kg.m ²)
A	3	0,25	0,75 \checkmark	-(x + 0,45)	-0,75x - 0,338 \checkmark
B	4	0,3	1,2 \checkmark	-0,450	-0,54 \checkmark
C	m	0,2	0,2m \checkmark	0	0 \checkmark
D	2	0,35	0,7 \checkmark	0,4	0,28 \checkmark



$$-0,462 = -0,75x - 0,338 \checkmark$$

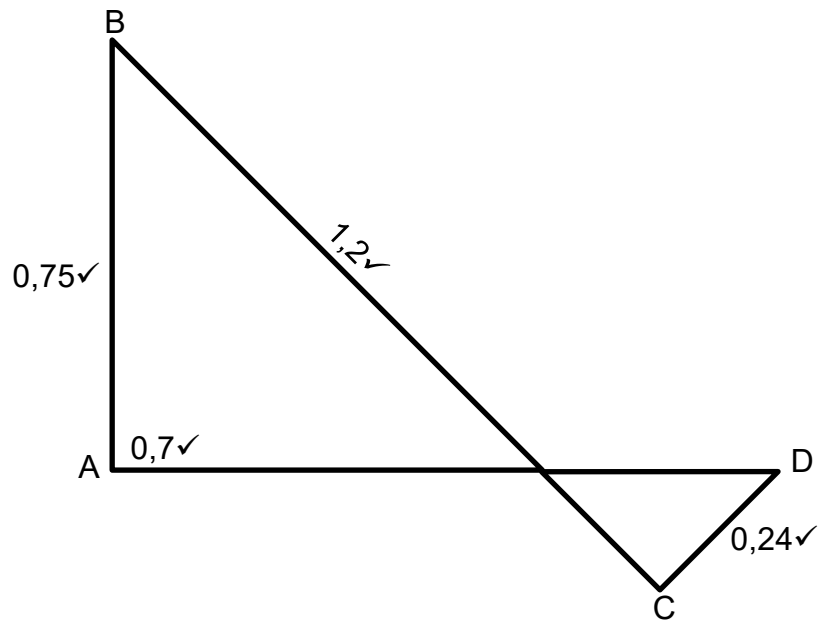
$$x = 165 \text{ mm} \checkmark$$

(10)

5.2 Angle between A and B = $180^\circ - 31,2^\circ = 148,8^\circ \checkmark$

(1)

5.3 $0,24 = 0,2 \text{ m} \checkmark$
 $m = 1,2 \text{ kg} \checkmark$



(6)
[17]

QUESTION 6: DYNAMICS

6.1 $v = \sqrt{\mu gr}$
 $v = \sqrt{0,4 \times 9,81 \times 90} \checkmark$
 $v = 18,79 \text{ m/s} \checkmark$

6.2 $v = \sqrt{\frac{gbr}{2h}}$
 $v = \sqrt{\frac{(9,81)(1,2)(90)}{2(0,75)}} \checkmark$
 $v = 26,58 \text{ m/s} \checkmark$

6.3 $v = \sqrt{gr \frac{\mu + \tan\theta}{1 - \mu \tan\theta}}$
 $v = \sqrt{(9,81)(90) \frac{(0,4) + \tan 18^\circ}{1 - 0,4 \tan 18^\circ}} \checkmark$
 $v = 27,12 \text{ m/s} \checkmark$

6.4

$$v = \sqrt{gr \frac{h \tan \theta + \frac{b}{2}}{h - \frac{b}{2} \tan \theta}}$$

$$v = \sqrt{(9,81)(90) \frac{0,75 \tan 16^\circ + \frac{1,2}{2}}{0,75 - \left(\frac{1,2}{2}\right) \tan 16^\circ}} \checkmark$$

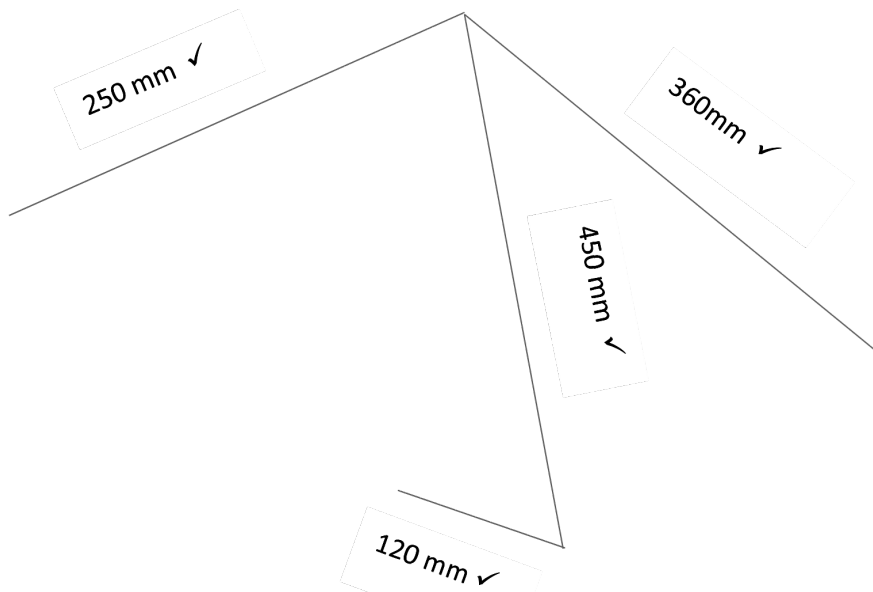
$$v = 35,29 \text{ m/s} \checkmark$$

(4 × 2) [8]

QUESTION 7: KINEMATICS

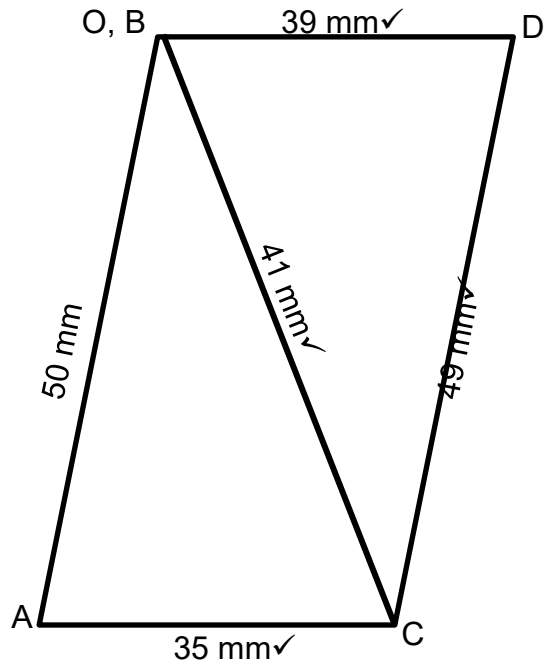
7.1 $v = \omega r = \frac{\pi ND}{60} = \frac{\pi(100)(0,24)}{60} \checkmark = 1,257 \text{ m/s} \checkmark$ (2)

7.2



(Any 3 × 1) (3)

7.3 Scale: 1 m/s = 40 mm



(4)

7.4 $v_D = 39 \div 40 \checkmark = 0,975 \text{ m/s} \checkmark$

(2)

7.5 $a = \frac{v^2}{r} = \frac{(49 \div 40)^2}{0,32} \checkmark = 4,689 \text{ m/s}^2 \checkmark$

(2)

[13]

TOTAL: 100