



# higher education & training

Department:  
Higher Education and Training  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## **MARKING GUIDELINE**

**NATIONAL CERTIFICATE**

**APRIL EXAMINATION**

**MECHANOTECHNICS N6**

**7 APRIL 2016**

**This marking guideline consists of 8 pages.**

## **QUESTION 1**

$$\begin{aligned}
 1.1 \quad P &= \frac{2\pi NT}{60} \\
 T &= \frac{60 \times 80 \times 10^3}{2 \times \pi \times 4200} \\
 &= 181,9 \text{ Nm} \checkmark \\
 r &= 104 \text{ mm} \\
 R &= 104 \times 1,25 \\
 &= 130 \text{ mm mm} \checkmark \\
 R_m &= \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{R^3 - r^3}{R^2 - r^2} \right) \\
 &= \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{130^3 - 104^3}{130 - 104^2} \right) \\
 &= 117,5 \text{ N} \checkmark \\
 F_A &= p \times A \\
 F_A &= 245 \times 10^3 \times \pi \times (0,13^2 - 0,104^2) \checkmark \\
 &= 4683 \text{ N} \checkmark \\
 T &= \mu \times F_A \times R_m \times n \\
 n &= \frac{181,9}{0,07 \times 4683 \times 0,1175} \checkmark \\
 &= 4,72 \\
 \text{use/gebruik } 5 \text{ pairs/pare} &\checkmark
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{7}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1.2 \quad 1.2.1 \quad PCD &= m \times T \\ &= 10 \times 35\checkmark \\ &= 350 \text{ mm}\checkmark \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

$$1.2.2 \quad CD = \frac{PCD_A}{2} + \frac{PCD_B}{2} \\ = \frac{40}{2} + \frac{350}{2} \checkmark \\ = 195 \text{ mm} \checkmark \quad (2)$$

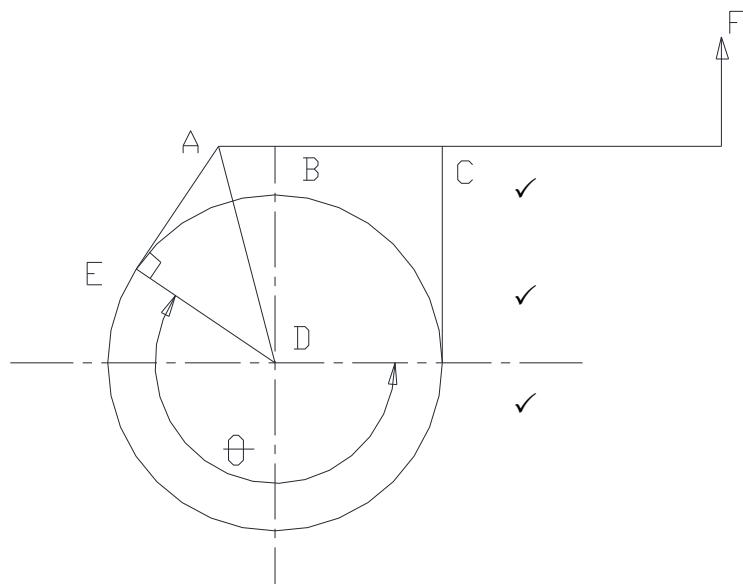
$$\begin{aligned}
 1.2.3 \quad p &= m \times \pi \\
 &= 10 \times \pi \\
 &= 31,4 \text{ mm} \checkmark \\
 \tan \theta &= \frac{p \times n}{\pi \times D_m} \\
 &= \frac{31,4 \times 4}{\pi \times 40} \checkmark \\
 &= 1 \checkmark \\
 \therefore \theta &= 45^\circ \\
 \eta &= \frac{\tan \theta}{\tan(\theta + \emptyset)} \times 100 \\
 \tan(\theta + \emptyset) &= \tan \theta \times 100 / \eta \checkmark \\
 \tan(45^\circ + \emptyset) &= \tan 45^\circ \times 100 / 80 \\
 &= 1,25 \checkmark \\
 45^\circ + \emptyset &= 51,34^\circ \\
 \emptyset &= 6,34^\circ \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mu &= \tan \emptyset \\
 &= \tan 6,34^\circ \checkmark \\
 &= 0,111 \checkmark
 \end{aligned} \tag{8}$$

[19]

**QUESTION 2**

2.1



$$\begin{aligned}
 AD &= \sqrt{76^2 + 290^2} \\
 &= 300 \text{ mm} \checkmark \\
 A\hat{D}B &= \tan^{-1} 76/290 \\
 &= 14,7^\circ \checkmark \\
 A\hat{D}E &= \cos^{-1} 225/300 \\
 &= 41,4^\circ \checkmark \\
 \theta &= 360^\circ - (90^\circ + 14,7^\circ + 41,4^\circ) \\
 &= 213,9^\circ \checkmark
 \end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

2.2

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{T_1}{T_2} &= e^{\mu\theta} \\
 \frac{T_1}{T_2} &= e^{0,25 \times 213,91^\circ / 57,3} \\
 T_1 &= 2,54 T_2 \checkmark \\
 E\hat{A}D &= 90^\circ - 41,4^\circ = 48,6^\circ \checkmark \\
 B\hat{A}D &= 90^\circ - 14,7^\circ = 75,3^\circ \checkmark \\
 \hat{A} &= 180^\circ - 75,3^\circ - 48,6^\circ = 56,1^\circ \checkmark \\
 \sum \curvearrowright M &= \sum \curvearrowleft M \\
 T_2 \times 225 &= 250 \times 600 + T_1 \times \sin 56,1^\circ \times 76 \\
 225 T_2 &= 150000 + 63,08 T_1 \checkmark \\
 \therefore 225 T_2 - 63,08(2,54 T_2) &= 150000 \\
 \therefore 64,78 T_2 &= 150000 \checkmark \\
 T_2 &= 2316 \text{ N} \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

$$T_1 = 5881 \text{ N} \checkmark$$

(8)

2.3 
$$\begin{aligned} T &= (T_1 - T_2) \times r \\ &= (5881 - 2316) \times 0,225 \checkmark \\ &= 802 \text{ Nm} \checkmark \end{aligned} \quad \begin{matrix} (2) \\ [17] \end{matrix}$$

**QUESTION 3**

3.1 
$$\begin{aligned} I &= mk^2 \\ I_1 &= 1000 \times 1,2^2 \\ &= 1440 \text{ kgm}^2 \checkmark & I_2 &= 500 \times 0,8^2 \\ & & &= 320 \text{ kgm}^2 \checkmark \\ \omega &= \frac{2\pi N}{60} \\ \omega_1 &= \frac{2\pi \times 450}{60} \\ &= 47,12 \text{ rad/s} \checkmark & \omega_2 &= \frac{2\pi \times 250}{60} \\ & & &= 26,18 \text{ rad/s} \checkmark \\ (I_1 + I_2)\omega_3 &= I_1\omega_1 + I_2\omega_2 \\ (1440 + 320)\omega_3 &= 1440 \times 47,12 + 320 \times 26,18 \checkmark \checkmark \\ \therefore \omega_3 &= 43,3 \text{ rad/s} \checkmark \\ \therefore N_3 &= \frac{43,3 \times 60}{2\pi} \\ &= 413,48 \text{ r/min} \checkmark \end{aligned} \quad \begin{matrix} (8) \\ \end{matrix}$$

3.2 
$$\begin{aligned} E_{ki} &= \frac{1}{2}I_1\omega_1^2 + \frac{1}{2}I_2\omega_2^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(1440)(47,12)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(320)(26,18)^2 \checkmark \\ &= 1708 \text{ kJ} \checkmark \\ E_{kf} &= \frac{1}{2}(I_1 + I_2)\omega_3^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(1440 + 320) \times (43,3)^2 \checkmark \\ &= 1650 \text{ kJ} \checkmark \\ \Delta E_k &= E_{kf} - E_{ki} \\ &= 1708 - 1650 \checkmark \\ &= 58 \text{ kJ} \checkmark \end{aligned} \quad \begin{matrix} (6) \\ [14] \end{matrix}$$

## QUESTION 4

$$\begin{aligned}
 4.1 \quad F_R &= m_L(60 + 80) + m_T(24 + 50)\checkmark \\
 &= 140m_L + 350 \times 74 \\
 &= 140m_L + 25900\checkmark \\
 F_g &= (m_L + m_T) \times 10^3 \times g \times \text{slope}\checkmark \\
 &= (m_L + 350) \times 10^3 \times 9,81 \times 1/80 \\
 &= 122,625m_L + 42919\checkmark \\
 TE &= F_R + F_g \\
 &= 140m_L + 25900 + 122,625m_L + 42919\checkmark \\
 &= 262,625m_L + 68819\checkmark \\
 TE &= m_L \times 10^3 \times \mu \times g \times \% \text{ on wheels}\checkmark \\
 &= m_L \times 10^3 \times 0,26 \times 9,81 \times 0,7 \\
 &= 1785,42m_L N\checkmark \\
 \therefore 1785,42m_L &= 262,625m_L + 68819\checkmark \\
 \therefore m_L &= 45,19 \text{ ton}\checkmark \quad (10)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4.2 \quad P &= TE \times v \times 100/\eta \checkmark \\
 &= 1785,42 \times m_L \times 45/3,6 \times 100/\eta \checkmark \\
 &= 1785,42 \times 45,19 \times 45/3,6 \times 100/75 \checkmark \\
 &= 1,3447 \text{ MW} \checkmark
 \end{aligned} \tag{4}$$

$$4.3 \quad n = \frac{m_L \times 0.7}{8} \\ = \frac{45,19 \times 0.7}{8} \\ = 3,95$$

*use/gebruik 4axles/asse ✓*

(2)

**QUESTION 5**

5.1

Plane	m (kg)	r (m)	mr (kgm)	I (m)	mrl (kgm <sup>2</sup> )
A	m	0,12	0,12 m	0	0
B	12	0,18	2,16	0,45	0,972
C	6	0,09	0,54	0,9	0,486
D	5	0,14	0,7	1,35	0,945

✓ ✓ ✓ ✓

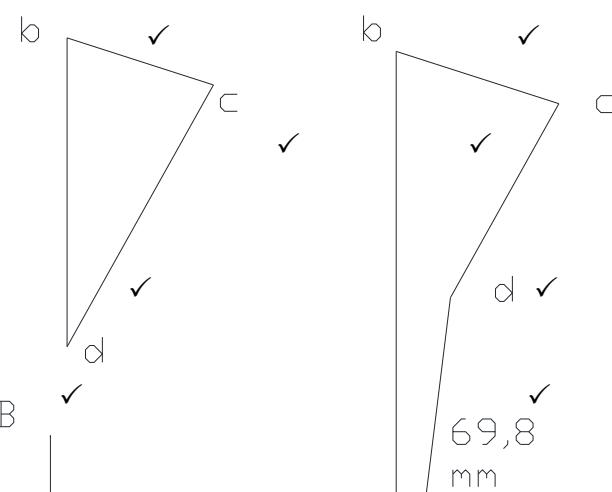
(4)

5.2

Couple diagram

5.3

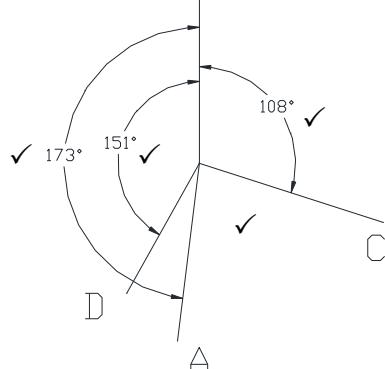
Force diagram



(3)

5.5

Space diagram



(4)

(4)

5.4

$$0,12m = 69,8 \text{ mm} = 1,396 \text{ kg.m} \checkmark$$

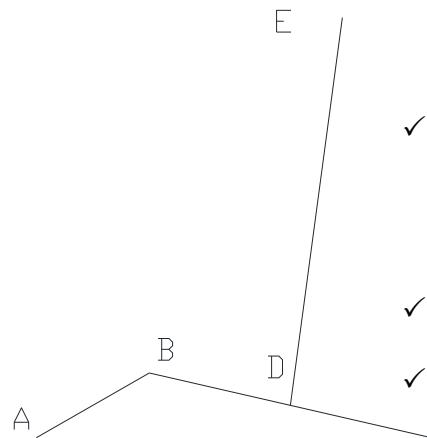
$$\therefore m = 11,63 \text{ kg} \checkmark$$

(2)

[17]

**QUESTION 6**

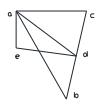
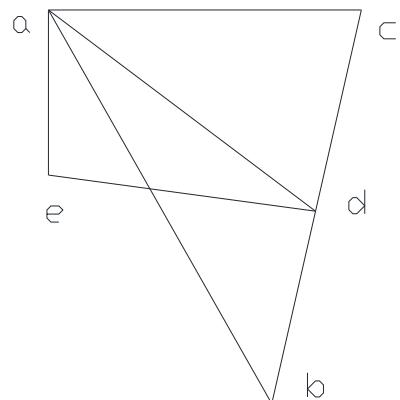
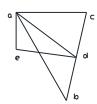
6.1



Space diagram

(3)

6.2



$$\begin{aligned}
 v_B &= \frac{2\pi AB N}{60} \checkmark \\
 &= \frac{2\pi \times 0,09 \times 1800 N}{60} \\
 &= 16,96 \text{ m/s} \checkmark \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

Vector diagram✓

(4)

6.3	6.3.1	$\omega_{AB} = v_B/AB = 16,96/0,09 \checkmark$ $= 188,4 \text{ rad/s} \checkmark$		
	6.3.2	$v_{D \rightarrow A} = 41,9 \times 0,3 = 12,57 \text{ m/s}$		
	6.3.3	$v_{C \rightarrow B} = 50,3 \times 0,3 = 15,09 \text{ m/s}$		
	6.3.4	$v_{E \rightarrow D} = 33,8 \times 0,3 = 10,14 \text{ m/s}$		
	6.3.5	<i>Centripital acceleration /sentripitale versnelling</i> $\omega_{AB}^2 \times \overline{AB} = 188,4^2 \times 0,09 = 3195 \text{ rad/s}^2$	(5 × 2)	(10) [17]
			TOTAL:	100