higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

N1110**(E)**(N19)H

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE

MEDICAL PRACTICE N4

(Second Paper)

(9090154)

19 November 2018 (X-Paper)
09:00–11:00

This question paper consists of 5 pages.

Copyright reserved

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION AND TRAINING
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE
MEDICAL PRACTICE N4
(Second Paper)
TIME: 2 HOURS
MARKS: 100

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. SECTION A is COMPULSORY.
2. Answer any FOUR of the five questions in SECTION B.
3. Read ALL the questions carefully.
4. Number the answers according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
5. Write neatly and legibly.

Copyright reserved

SECTION A

QUESTION 1

1.1 Explain the following terms:

1.1.1 Realistic self-image

1.1.2 Conflict

1.1.3 Puberty

1.1.4 Chronic illness

1.1.5 Ambition

(5 × 2) (10)

1.2 Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE. Choose the answer and write only 'True' or 'False' next to the question number (1.2.1–1.2.10) in the ANSWER BOOK.

1.2.1 Urges appear to be learned behaviour patterns.

1.2.2 Basic needs are mostly biological in nature.

1.2.3 Mother instinct is a psychological driving force.

1.2.4 Behaviour is mostly caused by feelings.

1.2.5 Social behaviour is not influenced by what people see as good or bad.

1.2.6 Unconscious motivation usually lies on the surface.

1.2.7 Self-actualised people lead an active life.

1.2.8 More students terminate their studies due to emotional stress than academic problems.

1.2.9 Biological needs must be satisfied first before social needs will manifest.

1.2.10 A child identifies himself only with the good characteristics of his parents.

(10 × 2) (20)

Copyright reserved

1.3 Give ONE term for each of the following kinds of defence mechanisms. Write only the term next to the question number (1.3.1-1.3.3) in the ANSWER BOOK.

1.3.1 By means of dedication and effort, the person tries to make amends for real or unreal shortcomings. This can be done directly or indirectly.

1.3.2 Sometimes the motives behind a person's behaviour are not very flattering. This might lead to anxiety. Therefore he/she might try to give an acceptable explanation for it, instead of the real reason. By doing so he/she deceives himself/herself.

1.3.3 In the boring routine of everyday life with its frustrations and humiliations, people will sometimes tend to take shelter in daydreams. By doing so, they can satisfy all their unfulfilled ambitions, needs and desires. In man's imagination he can rise above the ordinary. This temporary escape from reality causes relief when the anxiety and frustration of life becomes too much for him to cope with.

(3 × 3) (9)

1.4 What can be seen as the lowest form of reprimanding? (1)

[40]

TOTAL SECTION A: 40

SECTION B

Answer THREE of the four questions in this section.

QUESTION 2

What drives a person to action? Discuss. **[20]**

QUESTION 3

3.1 Discuss self-actualisation according to Maslow. (15)

3.2 Explain the term *driving forces*. (5)
[20]

QUESTION 4

4.1 Discuss the factors that force people to make use of adaptive reactions to get rid of their stress. (5)

4.2 Briefly explain the following adaptive reactions:

4.2.1 Compensation

4.2.2 Projection

4.2.3 Identification

(3 × 5) (15)
[20]

QUESTION 5

Discuss the handling of people under the following headings:

5.1 Know yourself and be yourself. (10)

5.2 Always be positive and dignified in your appearance. (10)
[20]

TOTAL SECTION B: 60
GRAND TOTAL: 100

Copyright reserved