higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE (VOCATIONAL)

INTRODUCTION TO GOVERNANCE
NQF LEVEL 2

(8011002)

8 November 2018 (X-Paper)
09:00–12:00

This question paper consists of 8 pages.

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TIME: 3 HOURS
MARKS: 100

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. Answer ALL the questions.
2. Read ALL the questions carefully.
3. Number the answers according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
4. Write neatly and legibly.

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SECTION A

QUESTION 1

Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE. Choose the answer and write only 'True' or 'False' next to the question number (1.1–1.10) in the ANSWER BOOK.

1.1 In South Africa's past no black, Indian or coloured was allowed to be part of the government.

1.2 On 26 February 1970, the Bantu Homelands Citizenship Bill was passed and every black person was issued with a certificate of citizenship of her or his respective homeland.

1.3 The first democratic election was held on the 27 and 28 April 1994.

1.4 The new South Africa flag was first raised in 1995.

1.5 Traditional courts are allowed to deal with serial legal matters.

1.6 The Constitution makes provision for a national anthem, a national flag and eleven official languages.

1.7 Black people living in homelands didn't need passports to enter other areas of South Africa.

1.8 A declaration is an important and official statement about a specific situation.

1.9 A deadlock is a disagreement that cannot be settled.

1.10 The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa is often referred to as the 1994 Constitution or final Constitution.

(10 × 1) **[10]**

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QUESTION 2

Complete the following sentences by using the words provided in the list below. Write only the word(s) next to the question number (2.1–2.10) in the ANSWER BOOK

local government; life; negative rights; constitution; 2006; transparency, intergovernmental relations; 1994; free association; courts; parliament

2.1 … consists of the group of people who have been elected to make a country's laws and discuss important national affairs.

2.2 The … is the highest law and no person can go against it, not even the president.

2.3 … means that the government must be open and honest about what it does.

2.4 … are complex and are always changing, which is why co-operation between governments is so important.

2.5 Before …, the government and governance (how the country was managed) of South Africa was rooted in discrimination.

2.6 South Africa's government consists of three spheres of government: national government, provincial government and … government.

2.7 The right to … means that a human has the freedom to live without the fear to be killed by someone.

2.8 … is the right to mix with people of your choice and the right to choose to become part of a any group.

2.9 The government, parliament and the … must ensure that whatever they do is not contrary to the Constitution.

2.10 … are those human rights that allow a person to make decisions on her or his own without the government having to do anything.

(10 × 1) **[10]**

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QUESTION 3

Choose an item/word from COLUMN B that matches a description in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–J) next to the question number (3.1–3.10) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
3.1	Is the allocation of a monthly sum of money to people who are unable to support themselves or their dependants	A	intervene
3.2	These people consists of the elected representatives of the citizens of the country who are involved with law making	B	courts
3.3	A person who has been elected to lead the government of a town and city	C	president
3.4	Refers to a group of people elected by the people that come together to discuss matters of legislation as well as matters concerning the proper rule of the country	D	premier
3.5	In the national sphere of government, he is the head of the executive	E	mayor
3.6	Become involved in an argument, fight or other difficult situation in order to try and restore peace	F	social grant
3.7	In the provincial sphere of government, he is the head of the executive	G	National Assembly
3.8	The Constitution addresses all the needs of the country and this is represented by the government itself	H	government
3.9	They are responsible for all judicial functions	I	legislature
3.10	They are also bound by any decision made by a court and must also see to it that the decisions of a court are carried out	J	three spheres of government

(10 × 1) **[10]**

TOTAL SECTION A: 30

SECTION B

QUESTION 4

4.1 List FIVE elements of a democratic state. (5)

4.2 Discuss the Rule of Law. (5)

4.3 Discuss responsiveness as the key objectives of democratic governance in South Africa. (5)

4.4 Discuss the key concept relating to legislature. (5)
[20]

TOTAL SECTION B: 20

ICD

SECTION C

QUESTION 5

Read the following scenario and answer the questions.

GOGO DARES ZUMA!

Come and see how I live

By STEPHENS MOLOBI [*Daily Sun*]

GOGO Jane Hanosi is just another poor gogo from one of Mzanzi's thousands of squatter camps.

But that hasn't stopped her from inviting the most powerful person in the country to come and visit. 'I dare you, Mr President. Come and see my poverty.' Come see how I live. This is not democracy!' said the angry 80 year old women.
She told *Daily Sun* she has just one wish before she dies. She wants President Jacob Zuma to see for himself the struggle people face every day.
Gogo, who lives near Daveyton, Ekurhuleni said the only reason she still is alive is because she hasn't yet meet the president. 'He must come and sleep here once and we will see if he wakes up a happy man the next day.'
Gogo said that people like her wake up suffering every day all over Mzansi, and no one in power seems to care.' I have suffered all my life, but recently, it has got worse.' This is not freedom we fought for.
'Zuma must come and explain to me where all this suffering comes from. After that I can die,' she said.
Jane lives alone in a one-roomed shack in Mayfield that looks as if it could fall over at any moment. It is full of holes and there is no floor, only bare sand, where all sorts of creatures crawl around.
Gogo said she depends on handouts from residents to survive and the ANC government has let them down. 'I am really disappointed.' We pushed with our last breath to have freedom. Look here; do you see anything you like? I share my food with rats and insects in my shack. I pee next to my door. 'I want the president to tell me if this is the life he would like to live'.

5.1 Explain democracy. (2)

5.2 The Constitution is based on certain constitutional values.

Discuss human rights and freedom. (3)

5.3 Discuss housing as human right. (3)

5.4 What is the responsibility of the government? (3)

5.5 Give FOUR examples of social and economic rights. (4)

5.6 Does the gogo qualify for a social grant? Motivate your answer. (3)

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5.7 Explain social development. (2)

5.8 What is the responsibility of a municipality within its area? (10)
[30]

TOTAL SECTION C: 30

SECTION D

QUESTION 6

6.1 Explain the difference between:

6.1.1 Constitutional matters

6.1.2 Civil matters

(2 × 5) (10)

6.2 Discuss the structure, systems and functions of the:

6.2.1 High court

6.2.2 Magistrate's courts

(2 × 5) (10)
[20]

TOTAL SECTION D: 20
GRAND TOTAL: 100

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