higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE (VOCATIONAL)

CRIMINOLOGY
NQF LEVEL 4

(8021024)

17 November 2022 (X-paper)
09:00–12:00

This question paper consists of 9 pages.

451Q1N2217

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TIME: 3 HOURS
MARKS: 100

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. Answer all the questions.
2. Read all the questions carefully.
3. Number the answers according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
4. Start each section on a new page.
5. Use only a black or blue pen.
6. Write neatly and legibly.

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SECTION A

QUESTION 1

Various options are given as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question number (1.1–1.10) in the ANSWER BOOK.

1.1 An introvert is someone who …

A believes the best in others.
B is shy and thoughtful.
C believes the worst in others.
D is outgoing and sociable.

1.2 Which ONE of the following is NOT an issue typically provided through victim profiling?

A Concept
B Context
C Connections
D Investigative direction

1.3 Which ONE of the following is NOT a type of research?

A Explorative research
B Qualitative research
C Quantitative research
D Intuitive Method research

1.4 When someone is found guilty of a crime, they are …

A civil.
B condescending.
C convicted.
D released.

1.5 A synonym for incarcerated is ...

A imprisoned.
B sentenced.
C convicted.
D condescending.

1.6 Which ONE of the following is NOT considered a direct service provider within the field of Criminology?

A Courts of Law
B South African Police Service
C Correctional Services
D The kleptocracy

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1.7 Which of the following sentences best describes urbanisation?

A Moving from the city to a rural area.
B Moving from a rural area to the city.
C Moving from one province to another.
D Moving from one country to another country.

1.8 White-collar crime was defined by Edwin Sutherland who is considered the father of which theory?

A Different Gang Theory
B Differential Deference Theory
C Differential Association Theory
D Differential Companion Theory

1.9 Trafficking has many sub-divisions; which ONE of the following is NOT considered trafficking?

A Human trafficking
B Trafficking of endangered species
C Vehicle trafficking
D Trafficking of clothing

1.10 Which ONE of the following terms is a sociological synonym for domestic violence?

A Intimate partner violence
B Woman-on-Woman violence
C External partner violence
D Man-on-man violence

(10 × 1) **[10]**

QUESTION 2

Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE by writing only 'True' or 'False' next to the question number (2.1–2.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

2.1 Statutory rape is when someone has sexual intercourse with someone under the age of fifteen.

2.2 Stalking is when someone repeatedly follows or pursues another person.

2.3 Normalised behaviour is seen as being normal and viewed as acceptable.

2.4 Embezzling and money laundering is the same crime.

2.5 Cyber-bullying is not considered a crime.

(5 × 1) **[5]**

QUESTION 3

Choose an item from COLUMN B that matches a term in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–L) next to the question number (3.1–3.10) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
3.1	Sex work	A	similar ideas
3.2	Harassment	B	early release
3.3	Themes	C	name-calling
3.4	Visual presentation	D	easily persuaded
3.5	Amenities	E	unlawful
3.6	Parole	F	prostitution
3.7	Illegal	G	trilogy
3.8	Domestic violence	H	family violence
3.9	Bullying	I	tormenting
3.10	Gullible	J	services
		K	muckraking
		L	PowerPoint presentation

(10 × 1) **[10]**

QUESTION 4

Complete the following sentences by writing only the missing word or words next to the question number (4.1–4.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

malice; embezzling; synonyms; vandalism; sociology; ecological; kindness

4.1 Murder can be defined as the unlawful killing of a human being with … aforethought.

4.2 … is the diverting or misuse of funds fraudulently for one's own use.

4.3 … refers to the wilful destruction or defacing of public or private property.

4.4 The study of the origin, development and structure of human societies and the behaviour of individual people and groups in society is called …

4.5 The relationship between individuals and organisms in their natural, physical environment is known as a/an … relationship.

(5 × 1) **[5]**

TOTAL SECTION A: 30

SECTION B

QUESTION 5

Carefully read the following questions and provide sufficient information in your answers.

5.1 Identify TWO different types of research, and FOUR sub-categories of research. (6)

5.2 Identify SIX factors that can contribute to a criminal event. (6)

5.3 Conceptualise the term *corruption*. (4)

5.4 What are the FOUR costs or effects of crime on the primary crime victim? (4)

[20]

TOTAL SECTION B: 20

SECTION C

QUESTION 6

Read the scenario below and then answer the questions.

Australia's Sweetheart to face down stalker in court

Australian superstar and 'The Voice' coach, Delta Goodrem, is no stranger to superfans, but one such fan took things too far. James Laffety, 49, was first convicted in 2020 and then again in 2021 for stalking and harassing the 'Born to Try' singer.

Lafferty first started stalking Goodrem (36) in 2020 after sending her hundreds of 'love poems' on social media and showing up at her Sydney apartment building on Valentine's Day 2020 in order to leave a gift with the concierge, who informed him that she didn't live there anymore; he returned another four times that same day. The following day he was seen sitting on a bench in the park across from her building with a guitar and tried to approach her, yelling 'Delta! Delta!' when she went to pick up a dress from the concierge. When she checked her Instagram account, it was flooded with hundreds of messages. 'I'm here', 'please come down and meet me', 'I honestly love you, Delta, my soulmate forever' and 'I'm at concierge services' were only a few, and much more innocent-appearing, of the messages he had sent her. Police had given him a directive to move on, but later that same evening Goodrem saw him once again sitting in the park and called the police. She had taken a video of him loitering around and he was arrested.

During his arrest, he had smashed his phone and is said to have shouted, 'What am I guilty of? Bringing her a rose and chocolates?' He then confessed to the 300 'poems' and nearly 24 pages of infatuated Instagram messages. During questioning, he is reported to have said, 'You'd think she'd at least reply.' He plead guilty to three charges relating to the stalking of Goodrem: Using a carriage service to menace, harass or offend; stalking or intimidation; and failing to comply with a police directive to move on. His Legal Aid lawyer defended his client by stating that he was one of Goodrem's most ardent fans, and the poems he sent had been 'short poems'. He furthermore said that there was no threat to Goodrem's safety or welfare at any stage. Lafferty was found guilty and convicted with a $600 fine, 18 months community correction and an order to stay away from her home.

Deputy Chief Magistrate Jane Mottley stated that Lafferty had a long criminal history dating back to 1991 when he was convicted of assault with the intent to do grievous bodily harm, trespassing, escaping from custody and aggravated breaking and entering whilst armed. He furthermore had a previous conviction for intimidation and was sentenced to a term of imprisonment. Judge Mottley said that the nature of Goodrem's career necessitates having a fan-base but that it is important for fans to understand that there is a line that they should not cross. She said to Lafferty that his behaviour had crossed that line, causing Goodrem to fear for her safety. She also asked whether he understood that his behaviour was unwanted. His response was, 'I do now. I never had intentions of knocking on her door, I just wanted to leave it at the concierge desk.' He added that Goodrem 'could have blocked me at any time'. When told to refrain from going to her building, he stated 'that address is on Google.'

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In July 2021, Lafferty once again pleaded guilty on charges relating to victimising Goodrem; two counts of contravening a prohibition in an apprehended violence order. He was found guilty and sentenced to a 15-month community correction order. The prohibition from his previous conviction forbade him from coming within 50 meters of the songstress's flat, but on both the 26th of April 2021 and the 6th of May 2021 he was spotted driving past her Sydney CBD residence. On one of these occasions, it's alleged that he lurked outside her property and proceeded to bombard Goodrem with more than one hundred messages, including one which read, 'I'm outside … four beeps for 'I love you Delta Goodrem'. Police prosecutor Sergeant Chris Manning told the court the accused's trail of messages on Instagram showed a clear intention and a pattern of re-offending, especially when his criminal history was taken into account.

Lafferty claimed that he was returning from his brother's home in Coogee and was on his way to Richmond in Sydney's northwest but was arrested on the scene by police who stated that they feared for Goodrem's safety in light of his continued harassment and contravention of the prohibition against him. He stated in court that he was acting as 'a lover, not a stalker' and 'I never once had any thoughts about hurting her'. During what was an emotionally charged court appearance, Lafferty shouted, swore and accused police of lying. Bail was denied after the magistrate deemed him to pose a genuine risk to Goodrem's safety.

During the last court appearance, Goodrem was forced to come face-to-face with her stalker. Goodrem testified via video link and told Lafferty that 'you had been told to move on from outside my apartment ... When I came back from work, you were still there ... the AVO was to protect myself.' Because Lafferty had chosen to represent himself, he was allowed to cross-examine Goodrem himself. 'Did I ever threaten to hurt you?' was one of the questions he asked.

Goodrem's answer was that 'there has definitely been two different sides of you that's been stressful for me.' Lafferty was able to cross-examine Goodrem himself, because he is his own representation in court – a loophole victims' advocates say is unnecessarily distressing. The Attorney-General told 7NEWS that he understands the distress complainants would feel at facing their attacker in court and is open to making changes to legislation in the future.

Delta Goodrem's situation of being forced to directly face and interact with her perpetrator isn't something isolated only to Australia but is a phenomenon across the world. Various human rights advocates have stated that facing one's attacker in court causes further victimisation as well as re-victimisation.

[Source: *https://www.dailymail.co.uk/tvshowbiz/article-9816459*; *www.smh.com.au/national/nsw/*; *www.newidea.com.au/*; *www.9news.com.au/national/*; *www.7news.com.au/entertainment/celebrity*]

6.1 In South Africa, Ms Goodrem would have been able to rely on the rights that a victim has. Identify SEVEN rights from South Africa's Victim's Charter. (7)

6.2 A 'prohibition in an apprehended violence order' is commonly referred to as a TRO in South Africa.

Name and analyse this concept as it applies in South Africa. (3)

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6.3 Analyse the concept *victim impact statement.* (3)

6.4 Carefully analyse the scenario, and in your own words describe how James Lafferty's behaviour towards Delta Goodrem can be considered victimisation. (7)
[20]

TOTAL SECTION C: 20

SECTION D

QUESTION 7

7.1 Define the term *trafficking* and discuss the difference between human trafficking and smuggling people. (8)

7.2 Describe briefly how you will prepare a research plan for a human trafficking problem and indicate how you would present the results of the research. (12)

7.3 Discuss the impact of crime on the family of the victims. (4)

7.4 Discuss the difference between *social justice* and *restorative justice*. (6)
[30]

TOTAL SECTION D: 30
GRAND TOTAL: 100

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