higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE (VOCATIONAL)

CRIMINOLOGY
NQF LEVEL 3

(8021023)

16 November 2022 (X-paper)
09:00–12:00

This question paper consists of 8 pages.

377Q1N2216

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TIME: 3 HOURS
MARKS: 100

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. Answer all the questions in SECTION A, B and C.
2. Answer only ONE question in SECTION D.
3. Read all the questions carefully.
4. Number the answers according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
5. Start each question on a new page.
6. Use only a black or blue pen.
6. Write neatly and legibly.

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SECTION A

QUESTION 1

Various options are provided as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question number (1.1–1.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

1.1 Disciplines that focus on the study of people in their everyday life include:

A Sociology, Psychology, and Law
B Sociology, Law, and Social Work
C Sociology, Psychology and Social Work
D Sociology, Psychology, Law and Social Work

1.2 Information used in court -

A Must always be based on interviews.
B Must be reported in newspapers.
C Must always be presented by a registered Criminologist.
D Must always be collected by way of suitable crimino-ethical methods.

1.3 The trauma associated with a crime can result in -

A Physical health problems.
B A reduction in Down syndrome births.
C Fewer cases of adult diabetes.
D Medical aid schemes spending less money on alcohol rehabilitation.

1.4 Routine Activity Theory is about -

A Driving a specific make of car throughout one's life.
B An offender, a victim, and a place.
C Never changing jobs.
D Multiple personality disorder.

1.5 Studies of intimate partner victimisations reveal -

A Women are more likely than men to be victims of intimate partner violence.
B Unmarried women frequently assault their male partners, but married women do not.
C Women's activist groups are inflating statistics to make men look bad.
D A woman partner never initiates violence.

(5 × 1) **[5]**

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QUESTION 2

Complete the following sentences by choosing a word or words from the list below. Write only the answer next to the question number (2.1–2.10) in the ANSWER BOOK.

discipline; post-examination; demographic characteristics; anthropologists; routine activities; violent crimes; financial; victim-blaming; workshop; experts; forensic criminology; criminologists

2.1 … do not only study crime but also actively work within the field of law.

2.2 … is concerned with the identification and apprehension of alleged offenders by means of the collection, preservation and presentation of evidence associated with a specific crime.

2.3 Interviews with … should be recorded using written notes to assure that the criminologist uses the information correctly and truthfully.

2.4 A … is a group of people discussing a topic or studying a subject.

2.5 … works to isolate the victim and make it harder for them to come forward and report crimes.

2.6 … are disempowering in their nature.

2.7 … refers to everything we do daily or participate in frequently as part of our lifestyle.

2.8 A person's role in society is determined by his or her …such as age, gender, and marital status.

2.9 … accompanies a particular educational institution's code of conduct.

2.10 The … phase includes the systematic collection of all potential evidence.

(10 × 1) **[10]**

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QUESTION 3

Choose a description from COLUMN B that matches a word or item in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–E) next to the question number (3.1–3.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
3.1	racism	A	Any person who has suffered physical, mental, or emotional harm because of a crime or whose human rights were violated
3.2	multiple personality disorder	B	When age is not a factor
3.3	victim	C	An illegal or false copy of something that looks real
3.4	forged	D	Strategy to reduce crime
3.5	psychology	E	The study of the human mind and behaviour
		F	A condition in which a single person develops and displays multiple distinct identities or personalities
		G	Prejudice or hostility against people who belong to another race

(5 × 1) **[5]**

QUESTION 4

Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE by writing only 'True' or 'False' next to the question number (4.1–4.10) in the ANSWER BOOK.

4.1 Poaching involves the illegal catching and killing of animals.

4.2 Research findings should not be presented to role players that could benefit from the research.

4.3 Our personalities are made up of behavioural characteristics that we have inherited from our parents as well as characteristics that we develop as we grow up.

4.4 Victims can experience a variety of symptoms due to crime victimisation.

4.5 The more disempowered, frustrated, and angry the victim feels, the higher the probability of retributive crime.

4.6 Employed people are not able to protect themselves and their property.

4.7 The probation officer acts as a supervisor.

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4.8 Criminologists can also make use of documents to collect information and evidence.

4.9 Victims of violent crimes do not require long-term or even permanent medical treatment.

4.10 Different levels of trauma range from healthy to unhealthy.

(10 × 1) **[10]**

TOTAL SECTION A: 30

SECTION B

QUESTION 5

5.1 Explain adolescents and young adults as vulnerable victims. (5)

5.2 Name FIVE identified patterns of repeat victimisation that can provide a reliable early warning of where and when criminals may strike again. (5)

5.3 Discuss the influence of different interpretations of crime on recording crime. (5)

5.4 Discuss geographical- and infrastructure limitations that can have an impact on the reporting of crime. (5)

[20]

TOTAL SECTION B: 20

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SECTION C

QUESTION 6

Read the following scenario and answer the questions.

THREE YOUNG WOMEN SHOT IN HEAD IN KHAYELITSHA

By Logan Marshall

Cape Town – Three young females – including a teenager – were shot in the head execution-style in Khayelitsha on Monday evening.

Residents at the TT Block informal settlement recalled hearing gunshots after 8 pm, Western Cape police spokesperson Brigadier Novela Potelwa said in a statement on Tuesday. 'A few minutes later the bodies of young women, aged 17, 20 and 21, were discovered in a passage between the shacks. The victims had all been shot in their heads,' said Potelwa. The motive for the shooting incident is yet to be determined. Western Cape police have instituted a 72-hour activation plan for the mobilisation of resources in search of the suspects/s.

Anyone with information about the incident that could assist the police investigation is urged to contact the police on 08600 10111 or via MySAPS App. Information received will be handled in strict confidence. The Khayelitsha community has been rocked by gender-based violence and femicide over the past few months. Recently, a memorial service was held for Nomandla Mthathi, 34, who was stabbed to death, allegedly by a friend of her boyfriend. In August, a woman's body, which had been set alight, was found near the Khayelitsha stadium.

In the same month, a Khayelitsha woman who stood for nomination as an ANC candidate for the City of Cape Town, Phumeza Nomzazi, was shot dead. In June, a 79-year-old woman was raped, killed, and torched inside her home.

Khayelitsha Development Forum chairperson Ndithini Tyhido told the Weekend Argus he was tired of being in a position where he had to condemn the shootings happening in the area. 'I am really tired now unless we as the community rise up and defend our community. We have let our guard down and allowed criminals to be our equals,' Tyhido said. Meanwhile, a 35-year-old man taken in for questioning in connection with the murder of Lamees Dilman, 21, whose body was found in an open field in Atlantis, has been released. Circumstantial evidence could not link the man to Thursday's murder.

[Source: *Independent online*; 28 September 2020]

6.1 Can different perceptions of crime have an influence on reporting of crime? (1)

6.2 Motivate your answer to question 6.1 above. (3)

6.3 Can geographic area have an impact on the reporting of crime? (1)

6.4 Motivate your answer to question 6.3 above (2)

6.5 Evaluate the role of victim orientated service to reduce and prevent crimes of violence. (10)

6.6 Name THREE issues that may influence the recording of crime. (3)

6.7 Evaluate environmental factors that contribute to victimisation vulnerability. (10)
[30]

TOTAL SECTION C: 30

SECTION D

Answer any ONE of the following questions in this section.

QUESTION 7

Distinguish with applicable examples between models that can be applied to reduce and prevent crime and victimisation.

[20]

OR

QUESTION 8

8.1 Can the private security industry be utilised in crime prevention and reduction programmes? Motivate your answer. (10)

8.2 Distinguish between crime prevention and crime reduction.

(10)
[20]

TOTAL SECTION D: 20
GRAND TOTAL 100

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