higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

MARKING GUIDELINE

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE (VOCATIONAL)

THE SOUTH AFRICAN HEALTH CARE SYSTEM
NQF LEVEL 2

16 November 2023

This marking guideline consists of 6 pages.

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QUESTION 1

1.1 1.1.1 A
1.1.2 A
1.1.3 C
1.1.4 B
1.1.5 A
(5 × 1) (5)

1.2 1.2.1 Safe water is defined as water that is clean✓ and safe for drinking and cooking.✓ (Any relevant 2 × 1) (2)

1.2.2
- Taps inside the house
- Taps in the yard
- Taps in the community (3)

1.2.3 Basic sanitation refers to the ways to get rid✓ of human waste.✓ (2)

1.2.4
- Flush toilets
- Pit latrines
- Bucket system
- Toilets in the community (Any relevant 3 × 1) (3)

1.3 1.3.1 Proper nutrition refers to the food and drinks✓ people consume✓ as part of their diet. (Any relevant 3 × 1) (3)

1.3.2 The aim of a CBNP is to strengthen food security✓✓ and improve knowledge of community members✓✓ about nutrition.✓✓
(Any relevant 3 × 2) (6)

1.3.3
- Children under the age of six
- Pregnant women
- Breastfeeding women
- Primary school children from poor households
- People with chronic diseases
- People with communicable diseases
- Elderly persons (Any 6 × 1) (6)

[30]

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QUESTION 2

2.1
2.1.1 True
2.1.2 False
2.1.3 False
2.1.4 True
2.1.5 True
2.1.6 True
2.1.7 True
2.1.8 False
2.1.9 False
2.1.10 True

(10 × 1) (10)

2.2

SERVICE PROVIDED		PROMOTIVE CARE	PREVENTIVE CARE	CURATIVE CARE	REHABILITATIVE CARE
2.2.1	Child with asthma	Monitoring of symptoms Health education✓	Health education on nutrition, exercise and triggers✓	Treatment✓	Follow up and check-up✓
2.2.2	Patients with chronic diseases	Health education✓	Advice on diet and exercise✓	Treatment of symptoms✓	Follow up and check-up✓
2.2.3	Treatment for sexually transmitted diseases	Distribution of condoms Distribution of contraceptives✓	Tracing and treatment of partners✓	Treatment of infection✓	Follow up and check-up✓

(Any relevant 4 × 3) (12)

2.3
- Primary health care is the first level of care – the entry point to the health care system.
- It is mostly done by nurses.
- It is free of charge at clinics.
- The primary level assists with common diseases and minor injuries.
- You will receive medication according to the drug list from the DHET.
- You will be referred to next level if you cannot be helped at the primary level.

(Any relevant 4 × 2) (8)
[30]

QUESTION 3

3.1 3.1.1 Equity means to provide services fairly✓ to everyone✓ to ensure that no one is deprived✓of health services.✓ (Any relevant 3 × 1) (3)

3.1.2 Decentralisation means ensuring that citizens in every part of the country✓ have access✓ to comprehensive primary health care✓ and district health care.✓ (Any relevant 4 × 1) (4)

3.1.3 Accessibility means providing health care that is accessible✓ to all citizens✓ irrespective of their gender, ethnicity and religion.✓ (Any relevant 3 × 1) (3)

3.2 Mrs Khan does not have easy access to health care✓✓ and none of the health care services have been made clear to her.✓✓ To ensure that services are equal, everyone should be treated the same.✓✓ The community should use the health services available✓✓ to them and it should be accessible to the people who need it.✓✓ (Any relevant 5 × 2) (10)

3.3 The South African Nursing Council is a statutory body that keeps a register of all registered nurses.✓✓ They ensure that institutions are providing quality education to nurses.✓✓ They ensure that nurses are competent in the workplace.✓✓ They impose punishment if a nurse breaks the code of conduct.✓✓ They receive, investigate and act on complaints received by clinics and hospitals.✓✓ (Any relevant 5 × 2) (10)

[30]

QUESTION 4

4.1 4.1.1 Health refers to the state of complete physical, mental, social and spiritual✓ wellbeing✓ and not just the absence of disease.✓

4.1.2 Health care refers to the activities✓ used to assist✓ the health care system.✓

4.1.3 A health care system is a chain of events✓ that, when taken together, restore✓ and maintain health✓ in a group of people. (3 × 3) (9)

4.2 4.2.1 Service delivery in health care refers to a series of activities✓ that ensure everyone gets the health care✓ they deserve. The type of care you receive should be in line with the Constitution✓ and be based on the nature of your illness.✓ You should be given the right care✓ to get you back to a normal state of health.✓ (Any relevant 6 × 1) (6)

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4.2.2
- Health workforce
- Financing
- Information
- Governance
- Leadership (5)

4.3
- To stop illness from spreading
- To manage illness before it becomes more difficult to treat
- To create equality in the way health care is provided (3 × 2) (6)

4.4 4.4.1 The Gluckman Commission was formed to assess health care✓ given to all South Africans.✓ It was named after Dr Henry Gluckman who was the head of the commission.✓ (Any relevant 3 × 1) (3)

4.4.2 1942 (1)
[30]

QUESTION 5

5.1 5.1.1 A stakeholder is a person or group that has a direct✓ or indirect✓ stake in an organisation.✓ (3)

5.1.2

Government stakeholder	Nature of interest
Department of Higher Education and Training	• Education and training of health professionals
Department of Health	• Planning and providing health services
Department of Finance	• Funding for education of health professionals **OR** funding of national health services

(3 × 1) (3)

5.2 5.2.1 Appropriate care refers to care that is affordable, accessible, feasible and culturally acceptable to the population.✓✓ Use of technology refers to computers to store important information✓✓ and fridges to store medication.✓✓ (Any relevant 3 × 2) (6)

5.2.2 Health workforce refers to all the people working in the health care system.✓ Each person has a specific role.✓ The workforce ensures that the health care system runs smoothly.✓ All health workers must be properly trained to complete their specific duty.✓
(Any relevant 3 × 2) (6)

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5.3 **National government:**

- Proposed legislation – national and provincial
- Norms and standards for health establishments
- Guidelines for the management of health districts
- Implementation of national health policies
- National and provincial integrated health plans
- Integrated national strategy for health

Provincial government:

- Proposed national legislation
- Norms and standards for health establishments
- Guidelines for the management of health districts
- Implementation of national and provincial health policy
- Any other function determined by the MEC

Local government:

- Promoting cooperative governance
- Coordinating planning, budgeting
- Provisioning and monitoring of all health services that affect districts for which the council was established
- Advising the relevant MEC, through the Provincial Health Council and municipal council of the relevant district municipality
- Functioning provided through provincial legislation (Any relevant 3 × 4) (12)

[30]

TOTAL: 150

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