higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE (VOCATIONAL)

SUSTAINABLE TOURISM
NQF LEVEL 2

(11011062)

15 November 2022 (Y-paper)
13:00–16:00

This question paper consists of 11 pages and addendum.

355Q1N2215

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TIME: 3 HOURS
MARKS: 150

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. Answer all the questions.
2. Read all the questions carefully.
3. Number the answers according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
4. Start each section on a new page.
5. Use only a black or blue pen.
6. Write neatly and legibly.

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SECTION A

QUESTION 1

1.1 Various options are given as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question number (1.1.1–1.1.10) in the ANSWER BOOK.

1.1.1 The … river is the longest river in South Africa.

A Orange ☆
B Tugela
C Great Fish
D Vaal

1.1.2 This famous mountain is situated near Cape Town.

A Drakensberg Mountains
B Maluti Mountains
C Table Mountain
D Outeniqua Mountains

1.1.3 This wetland or lake, situated in Mpumalanga, is not a registered Ramsar site. ☆

A Barberspan
B Lake Chrissie
C Nylsvlei
D De Hoop

1.1.4 The … dam supplies water to the whole Gauteng province.

A Gariep
B Vaal
C Loskop
D Vanderkloof ☆

1.1.5 The … river forms the only river port in South Africa.

A Vaal
B Swartkops
C Molopo
D Buffalo

1.1.6 This mountain extends from the Eastern Cape, through the eastern Free State, KwaZulu-Natal and Mpumalanga. ☆

A Magaliesberg
B Drakensberg
C Hex River Mountain
D Lebombo Mountains

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1.1.7 The … lake is a World Heritage site.

A St Lucia Estuary
B Wilderness
C Verlorenvlei
D Sibyia

1.1.8 The … River forms the border between South Africa and Zimbabwe.

A Tugela
B Breede
C Pongola
D Limpopo

1.1.9 The Midmar Mile swimming event takes place annually in the …

A Eastern Cape
B KwaZulu-Natal
C Western Cape
D Northern Cape

1.1.10 The famous … canoe marathon takes place in Paarl.

A Msunduzi Rver
B Swartkops River
C Berg River
D Crocodile River

(10 × 1) (10)

1.2 Choose a/an item/word from COLUMN B that matches a description in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–H) next to the question number (1.2.1–1.2.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
1.2.1	A map that represents the way you picture a destination or city or country in your mind	A	Saldanha Bay
		B	Topographical map
1.2.2	Largest natural harbour in South Africa	C	Richards Bay
		D	Mental map
1.2.3	The busiest harbour in South Africa	E	Durban Harbour
1.2.4	A special type of map which gives a detailed description of a particular area or place	F	Cape Town Harbour
		G	Physical map
1.2.5	A deep-water port and one of the most modern bulk terminals in the world	H	Route map

(5 ×1) (5)

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1.3 Match the following types of accommodation with the tourist profiles provided. Write only the answer next to the question number (1.3.1–1.3.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

hotel; exhibition venue; self-catering; camping; lodge; guest house; bed-and-breakfast; backpacker hostel

1.3.1 Paul is an adventurous young traveller that requested cheap accommodation. He doesn't mind sleeping in a dormitory.

1.3.2 This couple prefers accommodation where they are on their own, and able to prepare their own meals.

1.3.3 Ms Schreuder requested accommodation situated in natural surroundings.

1.3.4 Mr Moloi is a business traveller, who prefers to stay in a centrally located accommodation establishment, offering many services and amenities.

1.3.5 Thandokazi needs accommodation, which includes breakfast.

(5 × 1) (5)

1.4 Identify the airport which is the closest to the attractions mentioned below:

1.4.1 Addo National Park

1.4.2 Cango Caves

1.4.3 Robben Island

1.4.4 uShaka Marine World

1.4.5 Augrabies Falls

(5 × 1) (5)

1.5 Classify the following events according to their specific categories. Choose the answer from the list below. Write only the answer next to the question number (1.5.1–1.5.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

outdoor sporting; music; agricultural; arts festival; food-and-wine; trade show

1.5.1 Vodacom Durban July

1.5.2 Cape Gourmet Festival

1.5.3 Rand Show

1.5.4 Travel Indaba

1.5.5 Cape Town Jazzathon

(5 × 1) (5)

[30]

TOTAL SECTION A: 30

SECTION B

QUESTION 2

Study the map, ADDENDUM A (attached), and answer the questions that follow:

2.1 Identify the provinces by writing only the answer next to the question number (2.1.1– 2.1.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

2.1.1
2.1.2
2.1.3
2.1.4
2.1.5

(5 × 1) (5)

2.2 Advise a client which national road he or she would travel on, if travelling between the following cities:

2.2.1 Cape Town to Bloemfontein

2.2.2 Johannesburg to Pretoria

2.2.3 Durban to Johannesburg

2.2.4 Pretoria to Mbombela

2.2.5 Cape Town to Windhoek

(5 × 1) (5)

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2.3 Identify the map scale. ☆ (2)

2.4 Name the ocean situated east of South Africa. (2)

2.5 In which direction will one travel, if travelling from:

2.5.1 Johannesburg to Maputo

2.5.2 Gqeberha to Kimberley

(2 × 2) (4)

2.6 Complete the following table: From the description provided, name the event and the city or town where it takes place. Write only the answer next to the question number (2.6.1–2.6.10) in the ANSWER BOOK.: ☆

DESCRIPTION OF THE EVENT	NAME OF THE EVENT	CITY/TOWN WHERE THE EVENT TAKES PLACE
A swimming race held annually at the Midmar Dam, drawing thousands of competitors	2.6.1	2.6.2
A marathon canoe race held over three days along the Msunduzi and Mgeni rivers	2.6.3	2.6.4
A celebration of the return of the southern right whales to the coastal waters of South Africa ☆	2.6.5	2.6.6
It is one of the largest tourism marketing events on the African calendar held in South Africa	2.6.7	2.6.8
This marathon stretches along both oceans surrounding the South African shoreline – the Indian and Atlantic Ocean	2.6.9	2.6.10

(10 × 1) (10)

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2.7 Tourists travel for specific reasons and according to their interests. ☆

From the list provided, choose the type of tourist that will visit the attractions listed. Write only the answer next to the question number (2.7.1–2.7.4) in the ANSWER BOOK.

nature lover; cultural tourist; historical tourist; adventurer; geologist; religion tourist; health tourist

2.7.1 Robben Island

2.7.2 Hector Pieterson Museum

2.7.3 Cradle of Humankind

2.7.4 uKhahlamba – Drakensberg Park

(4 × 1) (4)

☆ **[32]**

QUESTION 3

Study the following scenario and answer the questions that follow:

The Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park comprises an area of over 3,6 million hectares which is one of very few conservation areas of this magnitude left in the world.

Red sand dunes, sparse vegetation and the dry riverbeds of the Nossob and Auob show antelope and predator species off at a premium and provide excellent photographic opportunities. Kgalagadi could be considered a haven for birders especially when interested in birds of prey.

☆

The Kalahari is an arid region with an annual rainfall of 200 mm, mainly between January and April. In summer, day temperatures may exceed 40°C. Winter days are sunny with night temperatures often below zero. Visitors should anticipate extreme heat during the day and extreme cold during winter nights.
Entry into the Park

Access to the Park can be gained through five gates in three different countries:
- South Africa access is through the Twee Rivieren gate (immigration control gate)
- Namibia through the Mata-Mata gate - Botswana through the Twee Riveren, Mabuasehube and Kaa gates

Wildlife ☆
Because of the sparse vegetation and concentration of animals in the dry riverbeds of the Auob and Nossob Rivers, Kgalagadi offers premium mammal viewing. It is especially renowned for predator watching and for the seasonal movement of large herbivores such as blue wildebeest, springbok, eland and red hartebeest.

Ground Squirrel and suricate (Meerkat) are two more of the park's more prominent species. Honey Badger (Ratel), Pangolin (Scaly Anteater) and Bat-eared Fox are some of the park specials to search for.

A variety of raptors may be seen, the commonest being Tawny and Blackbreasted Snake Eagle, Bateleur, Whitebacked and Lappetfaced Vulture, as well as smaller species such as Pale Chanting Goshawk, Gabar Goshawk, Pygmy Falcon, and Greater Kestrel.

The Nossob Riverbed is rated as one of the best places in South Africa to view raptors, particularly during the summer months when large numbers of migratory eagles, kites and falcons move through the park.

Distances
Twee Rivieren from Upington - 260 km (tar road).
Visitors must allow for the following travelling time from Twee Rivieren entrance gate to the other camps:
Nossob - 4.5 hours
Grootkolk - 7.5 hours
Gharagab - Not possible in one day
Bitterpan - 6.5 hours

Source: https://www.places.co.za/accommodation/kgalagadi-transfrontier-park.

3.1 Explain what is meant by a transfrontier park. (2)

3.2 The Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park can be accessed through various gates or entry points.

3.2.1 Identify the entrance point from South Africa. (2)

3.2.2 How far is the closest airport in South Africa from the entrance gate mentioned in QUESTION 3.2.1? (2)

3.2.3 Which neighbouring country makes up a large part of the Park? (2)

3.3 While visiting the Park, visitors stay over and continue their tour at their own time and interact with the environment and life inside the Park.

3.3.1 Mention FOUR special features that attract visitors to the Park. (4)

3.3.2 Create guidelines that can be handed out to tourists to make them aware of unacceptable human behavioural practices that are harmful to animal and plant life and that could hamper the achievement of a successful environment. (4 × 1) (4)

3.3.3 As a ranger in the Park, name FOUR aspects that you would highlight to visitors before entering the park in an endeavour to bring about awareness of conservation practices. (4)

3.4 Discuss FOUR factors that contribute to achieving a successful environment. (4 × 2) (8)

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3.5 Indicate the month of the year in which the following events take place in South Africa:

3.5.1 KKNK (Klein Karoo National Arts Festival)

3.5.2 Comrades Marathon

3.5.3 Standard Bank Jazz Festival

3.5.1 Aardklop

3.5.5 Sardine Festival

(5 × 1) (5)
[33]

QUESTION 4

4.1 It is the responsibility of all South Africans to ensure a sustainable South Africa for future generations.

4.1.1 Give the key stakeholders in the tourism industry in South Africa. (3 × 1) (3)

4.1.2 State FOUR ways in which national government can contribute to the development and promotion of tourism in South Africa. (4 × 2) (8)

4.1.3 Discuss THREE negative socio-cultural effects of tourism on the environment. (3 × 2) (6)

4.1.4 Tourism can have different impacts on the environment. There are two possible relationships between tourism and the environment, namely conflict and symbiosis.

Tabulate TWO differences between symbiosis and conflict. (2 × 2) (4)

4.2 4.2.1 Discuss THREE responsibilities of the conservation agency, South African National Biodiversity Institute (SANBI), in sustaining tourism in the country. (3 × 2) (6)

4.2.2 Give FIVE authorities where you can report damage to natural and cultural heritage sites. (5)
[32]

QUESTION 5

5.1 Heritage is anything handed down from the past, such as a tradition, a national heritage of honour, pride, and courage, that needs to be preserved for future generations.

5.1.1 Explain the difference between tangible and non-tangible heritage. (2 × 2) (4)

5.1.2 Classify the following as either tangible or non-tangible heritage.

(a) South African flag
(b) Voortrekker Monument
(c) National anthem
(d) Robben Island
(e) Zulu traditional dancing

(5 × 1) (5)

5.2 The National Orders are the highest awards a country bestows on its citizens and eminent foreign nationals.

Explain briefly why the following awards will be bestowed on someone.

5.2.1 Order of Ikhamanga

5.2.2 Order of the Mendi for bravery

5.2.3 Order of Luthuli

5.2.4 Order of Mapungubwe

(2 × 4) (8)

5.3 Suggest to the local business chamber how they can incorporate heritage in the everyday work environment. (3 × 2) (6)

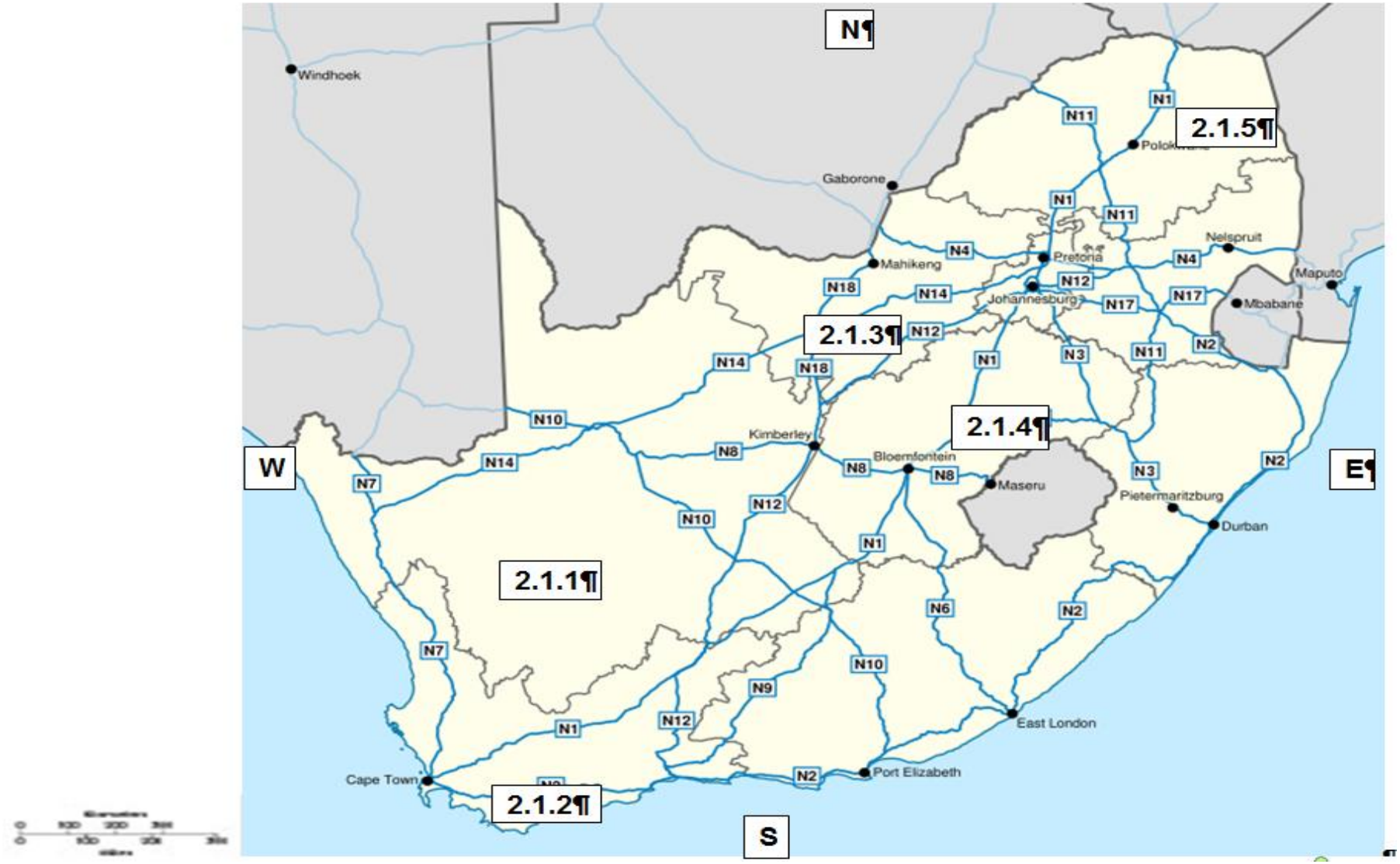
[23]

TOTAL SECTION B: 120
GRAND TOTAL: 150

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ADDENDUM A



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